

Embedded Serial to Ethernet Module

# CSE-M53N User Manual

Version 2.5



Sollae Systems Co., Ltd.

<http://www.ezTCP.com>



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# 1 Overview

## 1.1 Overview

Most of industrial devices support standard serial communications in which the sender transmits the stream of bits to the receiver in order. Although serial communication is known for its simplicity, its limitations are on the short communication distance and the requirement of frequent maintenance, which prevent it from being popularly used in modern computing environment.

By providing Internet connection to serial communication devices, CSE-M53N enables them to overcome these limitations. Specifically, CSE-M53N, which has TCP/IP stack and serial communication capability, converts serial data to TCP/IP data, and vice versa.

## 1.2 Main Features

- Very compact module type: 20mm x 24mm
- IPv4 / IPv6 dual stack
- Stateless / Stateful (DHCPv6) address autoconfiguration
- High speed UART x 1 (3.3V CMOS/TTL compliant) available on RS232/RS422/RS485 extension
- Industrial temperature range (-40°C ~ +85°C)
- Security options (SSL3.0/TLS1.0, IP filtering, Password)
- Separator settings for packet fragmentation

### 1.3 Examples of Application

- 1:1 Connection between a serial device and a PC

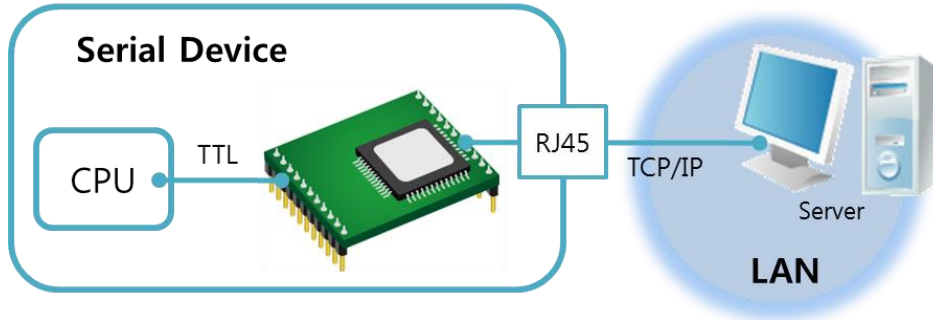


Figure 1-1 1:1 connection with a PC

- Serial device connecting to LAN (Local Area Network) via CSE-M53N

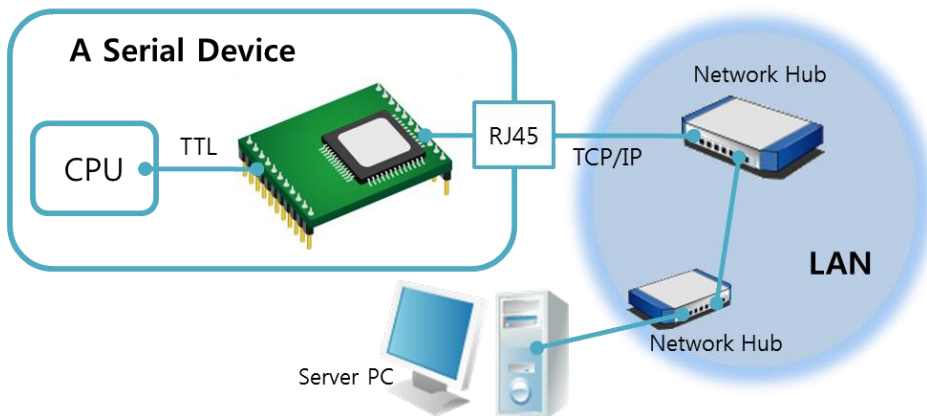


Figure 1-2 Application to LANs

- Serial device connecting to the Internet via CSE-M53N and a cable modem

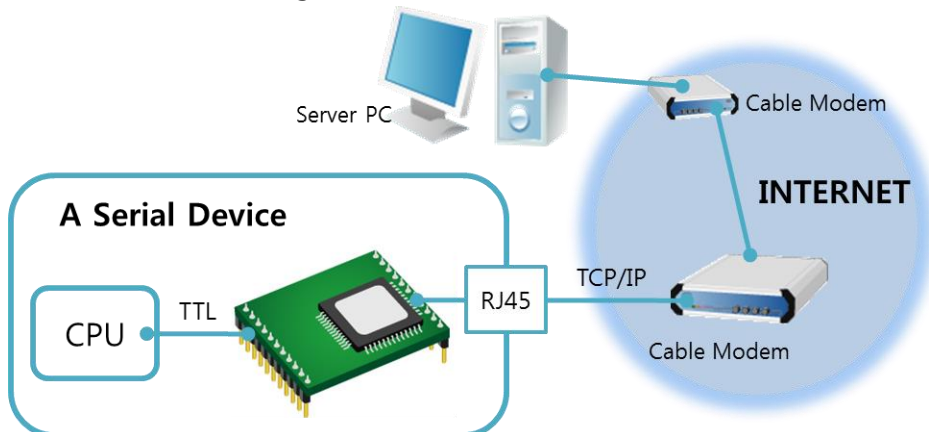


Figure 1-3 CSE-M53N connecting a serial device to the Internet via cable networks

- Serial device connecting to the Internet via CSE-M53N and a IP Share Router

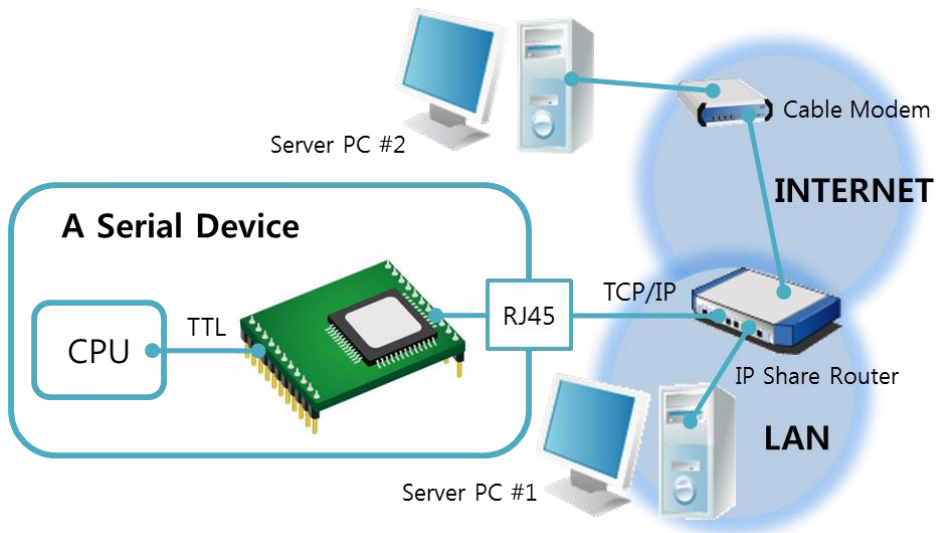


Figure 1-4 CSE-M53N connecting a serial device to the Internet via IP Share Router

## 1.4 Components

- CSE-M53N's Main Body
- Evaluation Board for CSE-M53N (Optional)
- RS232 Cross Cable (Optional)
- DC 5V Power Adapter (Optional)



## 1.5 Specification

### 1.5.1 Hardware

|             |                               |  |
|-------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Power       | Input Voltage                 | DC 3.3V  |
|             | Current consumption           | 100M Ethernet - 150mA typical<br>10M Ethernet - 200mA typical                                      |
| Dimension   | 24 mm x 20 mm x 9.1mm         |  |
| Weight      | About 3.2g                    |  |
| Interface   | Serial Port                   | 1 x UART – 3.3V CMOS/TTL compliant<br>(RS232 300bps ~ 921,600bps<br>RS422/485 300bps ~ 230,400bps) |
|             | Network                       | 10 Base-T or 100 Base-TX Ethernet Auto-Sensing<br>Auto MDI or MDIX cable Auto-Sensing              |
| Temperature | Operating/Storage: -40 ~ 85°C |  |
| RoHS        | RoHS Compliant                |  |

Table 1-1 hardware specification

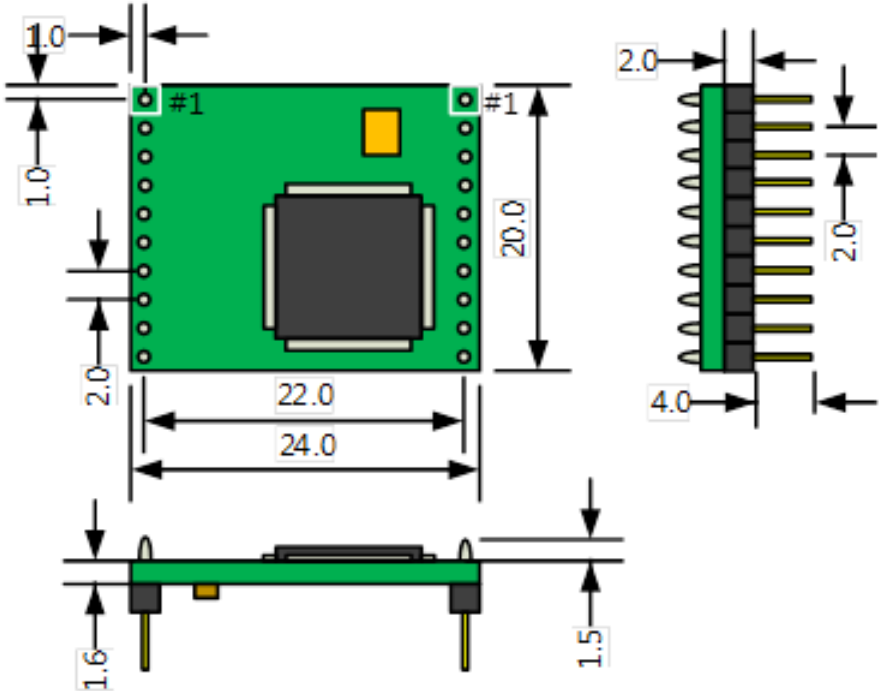
### 1.5.2 Software

|                    |   |  |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Protocol           | TCP, UDP, IPv4/IPv6 dual stack, ICMPv6/TCPv6/UDPv6<br>ICMP, ARP, DHCP, PPPoE, DNS, DDNS(Dynamic DNS), Telnet, SSL,<br>Telnet COM Port Control Option (RFC 2217) |  |
| Operation mode     | Normal  | For Normal Data Communication                                      |
|                    | ISP   | For Upgrading F/W  |
|                    | Serial Configuration  | For Configuration via Serial                                       |
| Communication mode | TCP Server  | TCP Passive Connection   |
|                    | TCP Client  | TCP Active Connection  |
|                    | AT Command  | TCP Passive / Active Connection                                    |
|                    | UDP   | UDP – No Connection  |
| Major Utilities    | ezManager   | Configuration Utility for MS Windows<br>(Supports Downloading F/W) |
|                    | ezVSP   | Serial to TCP/IP Virtual driver for MS Windows                     |

Table 1-2 software specification

1.5.3 Demension

The dimension of CSE-M53N is followed. (Unit: mm)



CSE-M53N Dimension(Unit: mm)

Figure 1-5 dimensions of CSE-M53N

### 1.5.4 Pins

- JP1 / JP2 Connector

JP1 and JP2 have headers of 2mm pitch. There are two triangle marks by the first pin (pin number 1) of JP1 and JP2.

| JP1 | Name     | Description                                   | Direction |
|-----|----------|---|-----------|
| 1   | GND      | Ground  | -         |
| 2   | TP_RXN   | LAN IN -                                      | Input     |
| 3   | TP_RXP   | LAN IN +                                      | Input     |
| 4   | GND      | Ground  |           |
| 5   | TP_TXN   | LAN OUT -                                     | Output    |
| 6   | TP_TXP   | LAN OUT +                                     | Output    |
| 7   | GND      | Ground  | -         |
| 8   | RXD_LED  | LAN RECEIVE LED (Data Received – Low)         | Output    |
| 9   | TXD_LED  | LAN SEND LED (Data Transmitted – Low)         | Output    |
| 10  | LINK_LED | LINK LED (Connected with a LAN network – Low) | Output    |

Table 1-3 JP1

| JP2 | Name     | Description   | Direction         |
|-----|----------|---|-------------------|
| 1   | VDD_3.3V | DC 3.3V volt power (V <sub>DD</sub> )   | -                 |
| 2   | RST-     | System Reset (Low Active)<br>Valid time for giving Low signal<br>: duration over 200us is recommended<br><b>* Normally, it is input. When reset, it outputs low signal.</b> | Input/<br>Output* |
| 3   | ISP-     | Changing modes  | Input             |
| 4   | GND      | Ground  | -                 |
| 5   | RXD      | UART IN   | Input             |
| 6   | TXD      | UART OUT  | Output            |
| 7   | CTS      | UART CTS  | Input             |
| 8   | RTS      | UART RTS (Request To Send, – Low),<br>TXDE in RS485 (Sending data – High)   | Output            |
| 9   | TCP      | TCP Status LED<br>( Connected – Low, Not connected – High )   | Output            |
| 10  | STS_LED  | Status LED ( It operates depending on the state -<br>refer to the Table 1-5)  | Output            |

Table 1-4 JP2


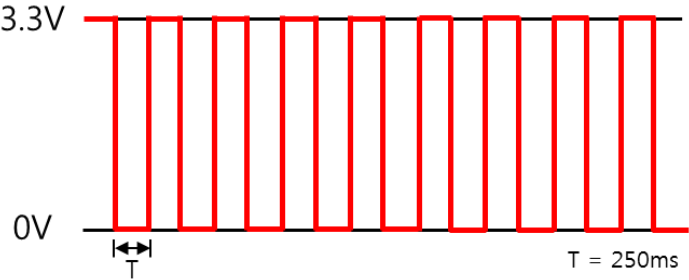
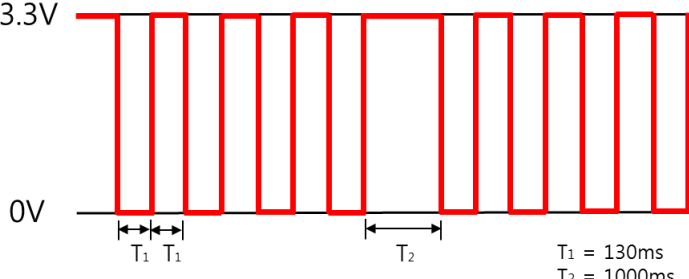
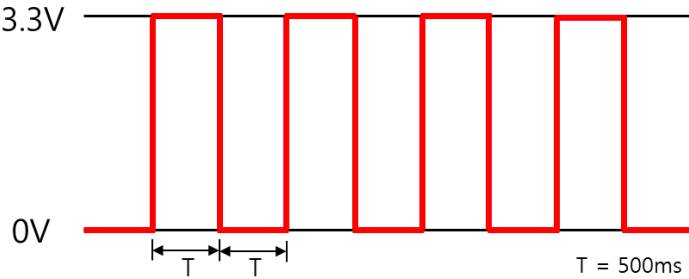
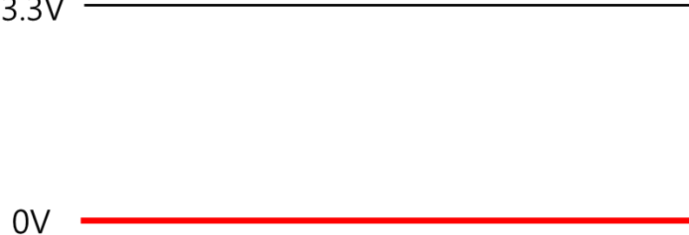
| State   | Wave form   |
|---|---|
| In ISP mode   |  <p>3.3V</p> <p>0V</p>  |
| In Serial Configuration mode  |  <p>3.3V</p> <p>0V</p> <p><math>T = 250\text{ms}</math></p>   |
| When any IP addresses have not been assigned                                      |  <p>3.3V</p> <p>0V</p> <p><math>T_1 = 130\text{ms}</math><br/><math>T_2 = 1000\text{ms}</math></p> |
| When IP addresses have been assigned but not connected with a remote host on TCP. |  <p>3.3V</p> <p>0V</p> <p><math>T = 500\text{ms}</math></p>                                       |
| Connected with a remote host on TCP   |  <p>3.3V</p> <p>0V</p>  |

Table 1-5 STS\_LED operation depending on the state

### 1.5.5 Serial Port Parameters

| Parameter    | Value  |
|--------------|--|
| Number       | 1  |
| Type         | CMOS and TTL compliant (3.3V)                                  |
| Baud rate    | RS232 : 300 ~ 921,600 bps<br>RS422 / RS485 : 300 ~ 230,400 bps |
| Parity       | NONE / EVEN / ODD / MARK / SPACE                               |
| Data bit     | 8 / 7  |
| Stop bit     | 1 / 1.5 / 2  |
| Flow control | NONE, RTS/CTS, Xon/Xoff  |

Table 1-6 serial port parameters

☞ **7 data bits with NONE parity is not supported.**

### 1.5.6 Electrical characteristics

| Symbol          | Description                | Condition   | Min   | Max   | Unit |
|-----------------|----------------------------|---|-------|-------|------|
| V <sub>DD</sub> | Standard operating voltage | -   | 2.0   | 3.6   | V    |
| V <sub>IH</sub> | High-level input voltage   | V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V   | 1.833 | 3.6   | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub> | Low-level input voltage    |   | -0.3  | 1.164 | V    |
| V <sub>OH</sub> | High-level output voltage  | CMOS port<br>I <sub>O</sub> = +8mA<br>2.7V < V <sub>DD</sub> < 3.6V | 2.4   | -     | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub> | Low-level output voltage   |   | -     | 0.4   | V    |

Table 1-7 I/O ports static characteristics

### 1.5.7 An Application Circuit

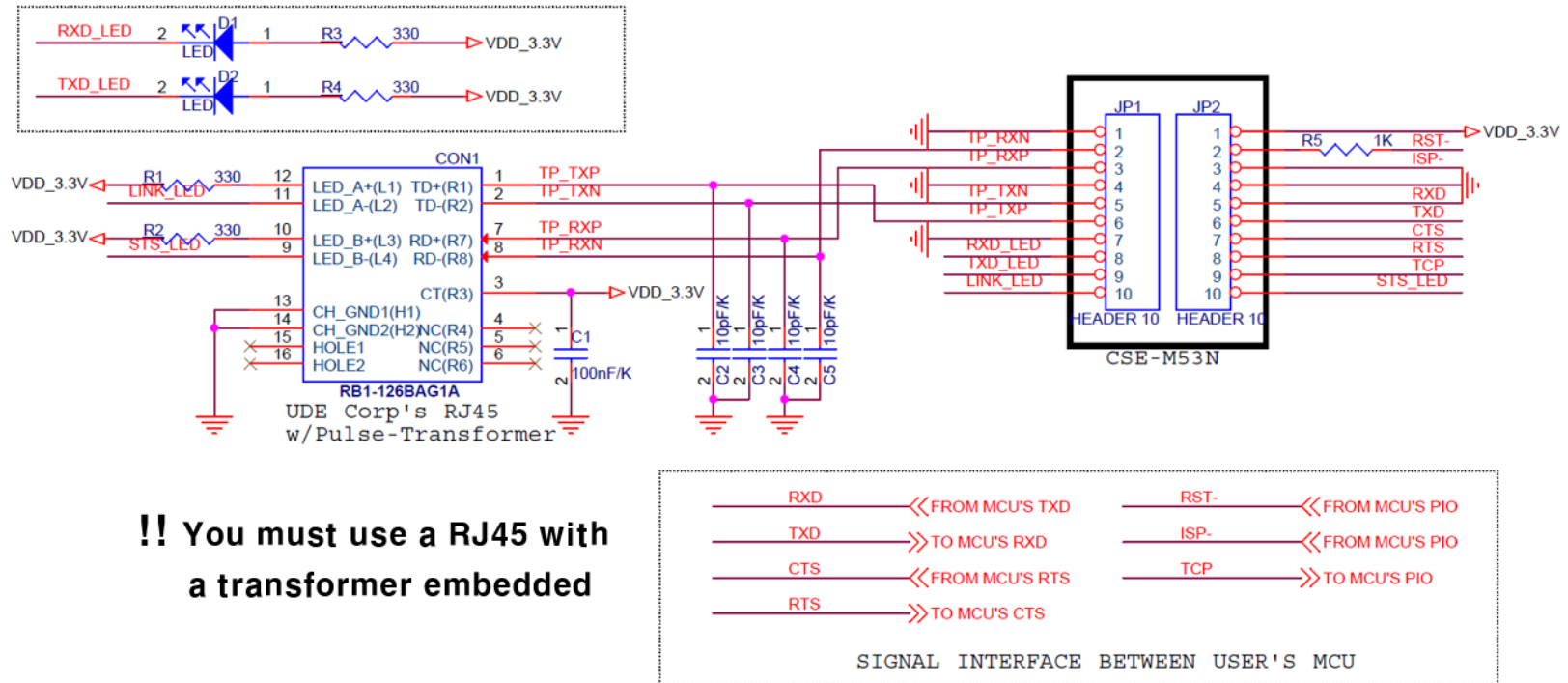


Figure 1-6 an Application Circuit

☞ *It is required to use a RJ45 embedded with a pulse transformer.*

☞ *When an 'RST-'(#2 on JP2) interfaces with MCU or Logic output, a 1KΩ resistor should be connected in series.*

## 1.6 Evaluation Board

Evaluation board for CSE-M53N is equipped a RS45 connector and a D-SUB 9 pin Male connector including the 5V DC power connector.

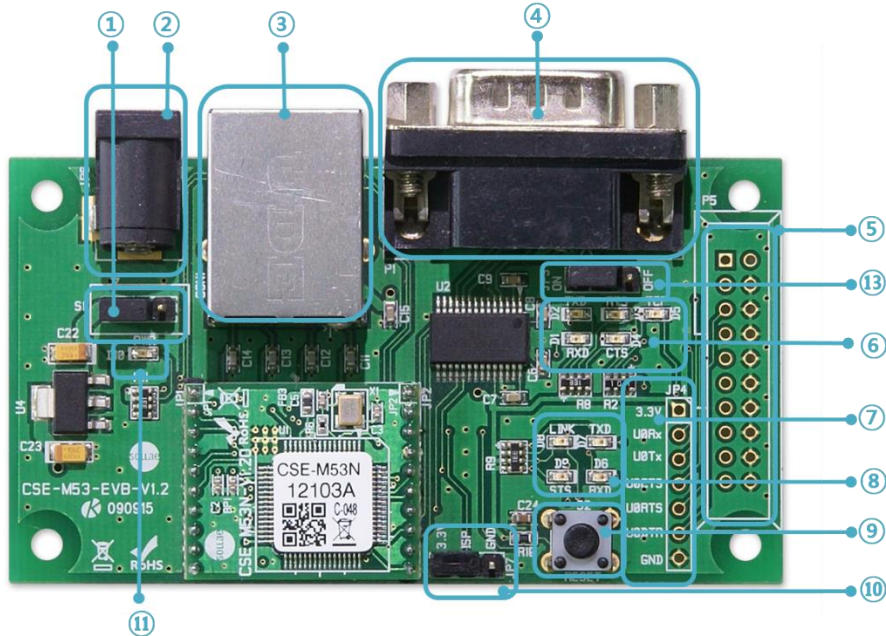


Figure 1-7 EVB1 for CSE-M53N

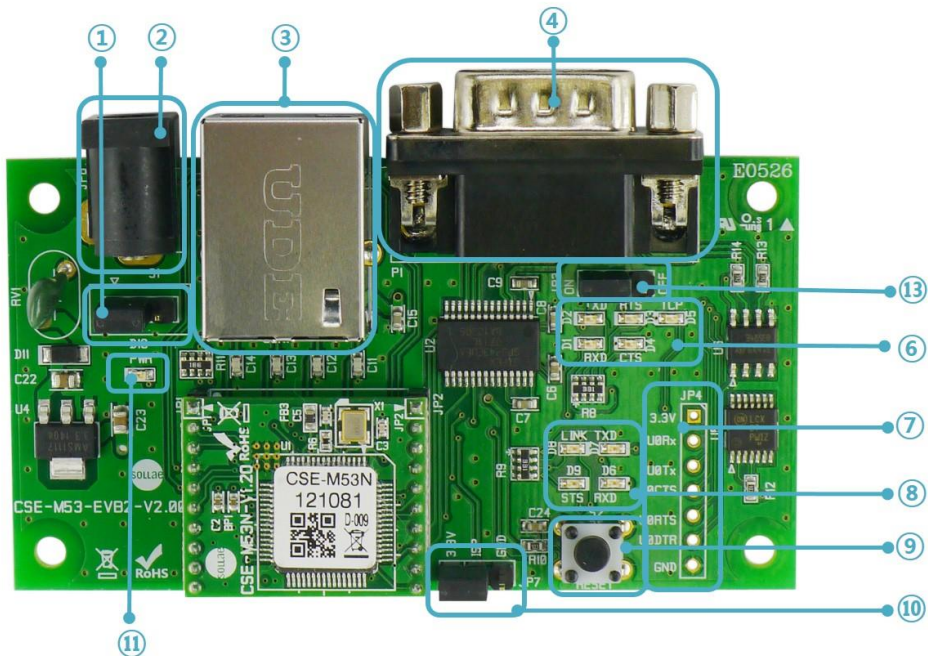


Figure 1-8 EVB2 for CSE-M53N

|                              | EVB 1 | EVB 2                      |
|------------------------------|-------|----------------------------|
| RS232 interface              | O     | O                          |
| RS485 interface              | X     | O<br>Pin - 9(TRX+),1(TRX-) |
| Industrial temperature range | X     | O                          |
| Surge protection             | X     | O                          |
| Reverse voltage protection   | X     | O                          |

Table 1-8 comparison of two evaluation boards

### 1.6.1 Parts

- ① Power Control Jumper: To control supplying the power to the EVB or not.

|               |   |  |  |
|---------------|---|--|--|
| Division      | ▽ |  |  |
| Connection    |   |  |  |
| Disconnection |   |  |  |

Figure 1-9 power control jumper

- ② DC Power Connector: Terminal for connecting DC 5V Power  
 ③ RJ45 Connector: Terminal for connecting UTP cable for Ethernet  
 ④ D-SUB 9 Male Connector: Terminal for connecting 9 pin D-SUB connector for RS-232  
 ⑤ JP5: Only used at the Factory (When producing the product)  
 ⑥ LED Group 1

| Name     | Color | Description  |
|----------|-------|--|
| RXD (D1) | Green | Blinks, when CSE-M53N receives data from the serial port |
| TXD (D2) |       | Blinks, when CSE-M53N sends data to the serial port      |
| RTS (D3) |       | On, when CSE-M53N is available on receiving data         |
| CTS (D4) |       | On, when CSE-M53N is available on sending data           |
| TCP      |       | On, when CSE-M53N is connected with a remote host on TCP |

Table 1-9 LED Group 1

- ⑦ TTL Port: For 3.3V TTL logic level communication



⑧ LED Group 2

| Name      | Color | Description  |
|-----------|-------|--|
| RXD (D6)  | Green | Blinks, when CSE-M53N receives data from the Ethernet port   |
| TXD (D7)  |       | Blinks, when CSE-M53N sends data to the Ethernet port  |
| LINK (D8) |       | On, when CSE-M53N is connected with the Ethernet   |
| STS (D9)  |       | On, when CSE-M53N is connected with a remote host on TCP   |
|           |       | Blinks in every second, when CSE-M53N is in normal mode  |
|           |       | Blinks 4times at once, when any IP addresses have not been assigned to CSE-M53N from DHCP or PPPoE servers |

Table 1-10 LED Group 2

⑨ Reset S/W: S/W for re supplying the power to the EVB

⑩ JP7: A port for changing modes

|                      |      |                        |     |
|----------------------|------|------------------------|-----|
| Division             | 3.3V | ISP                    | GND |
| Normal               |      |                        |     |
| ISP                  |      |                        |     |
| Serial Configuration |      | <b>less than 1 sec</b> |     |

Figure 1-10 JP7 for Changing modes

⑪ LED Groups 3

| Name      | Color | Description                               |
|-----------|-------|---|
| PWR (D10) | Red   | On, when the power is supplied to the EVB |

Table 1-11 LED Groups 3

⑬ JP3: A port for enabling or disabling outputs of RS232 line driver (Disable this port when using TTL level)

### 1.6.2 Demension

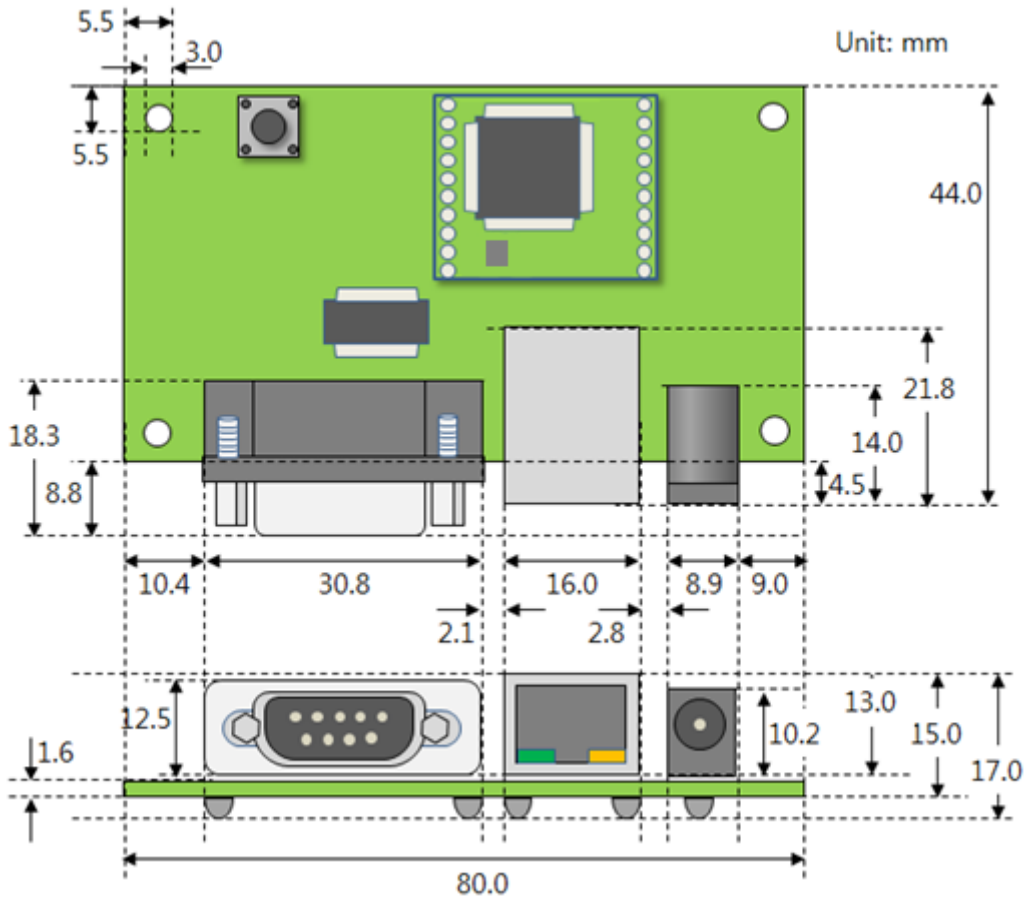


Figure 1-11 Dimension of evaluation board

☞ *The size of two evaluation board is the same.*

☞ *According to conditions of soldering components, the dimensions might be differed with the above figure. Thus, we recommend giving some extra spaces about 1 ~ 2 mm.*

## 2 Installation and Test

### 2.1 IPv6 address

With online devices increasing such as smartphones throughout the world, the number of available IP addresses has continued to dwindle at an ever faster rate. This urgent problem on lack of Ipv4 addresses finally led to the development of an advanced version, Ipv6, which has become a key word to effectively settle the matter.

Ipv6 has a lot of merits on addressing capability, packet handling process and security, however the devices or software for Ipv4 are not allowed on Ipv6 network due to the different addressing protocol structure. For this, CSE-M53N was developed to be available on both networks by supporting dual stack.

### 2.2 Installation

Before testing CSE-M53N, users should connect both serial and Ethernet port to a PC. It will be no problem that the Ethernet connection includes network hubs. In this document, whole processes are written assume that using it with evaluation board.

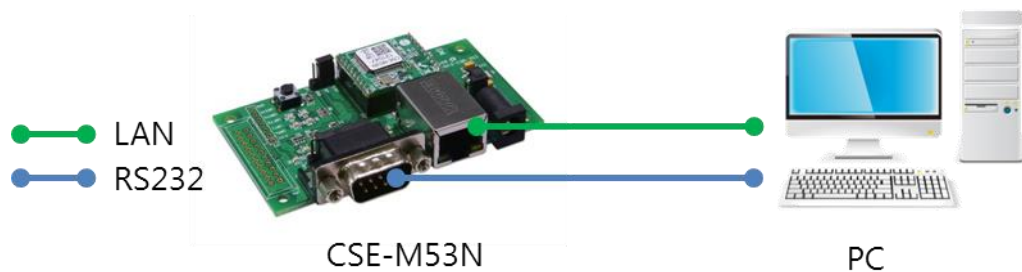


Figure 2-1 connection between CSE-M53N and a PC

Procedures for the test are followed.

## 2.2.1 Setting Network Area

This step is for setting both CSE-M53N and users' PC to be located the same network. If only they are, the TCP connection between them can be established.

- Setting of the PC

Add or change the IP address of the network adapter on your PC like following.

Get into the menu of [Windows Control Panel] >> [Network Connections] >> [Properties of the Network Adapter – with right click of your mouse]. Then, you can show the properties of [Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)]. In there, press the [Advanced..] button for adding an IP Address like the below figure.

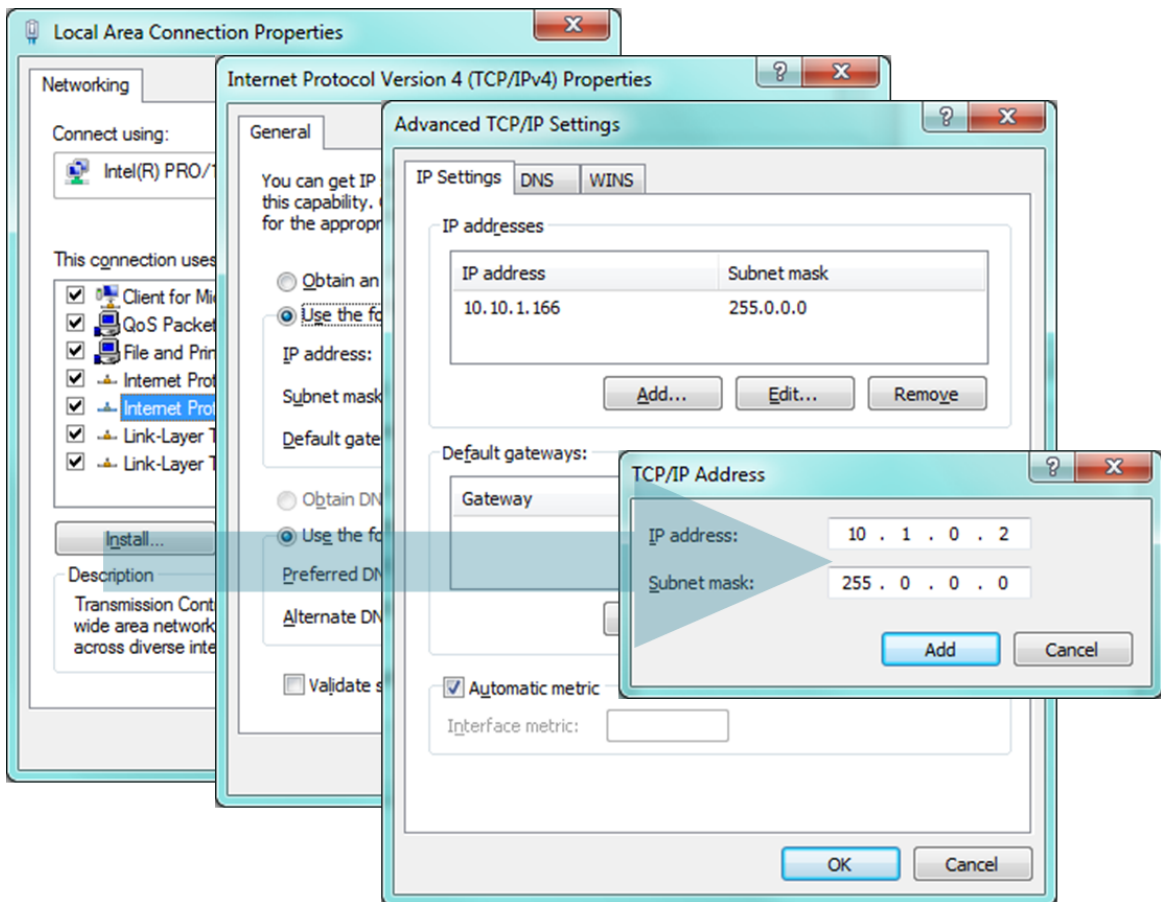


Figure 2-2 adding / changing the IP address of users' PC

- Setting of CSE-M53N

CSE-M53N uses ezManager as it's a configuration program. ezManager is for MS Windows, and this is comfortable to use because it doesn't need installation.

First, search your CSE-M53N via network. All the values of parameters are set the default values in the factory. To apply it to your system, proper values should be set via ezManager.

Major parameters' default values are listed on below table. To implement this simple test, keep these values without any changes.

| Name                  |                    | Default Values |
|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Network               | Local IP Address   | 10.1.0.1       |
|                       | Subnet Mask        | 255.0.0.0      |
|                       | Ipv6               | NONE           |
| Option                | TELNET             | Checked        |
|                       | IP Address Search  | Checked        |
| Serial Port<br>(COM1) | Serial Type        | RS232          |
|                       | Baud Rate          | 19,200bps      |
|                       | Parity             | NONE           |
|                       | Data Bits          | 8              |
|                       | Stop Bit           | 1              |
|                       | Flow Control       | NONE           |
|                       | Communication mode | TCP Server     |
| Local Port            | 1470               |                |

Table 2-1 default values of Major parameters

☞ *Refer to ezManager website for more details.*

## 2.3 Simple Test

If you press the [Simple Test] button, test program will be shown on your screen.

- Connecting to the CSE-M53N via LAN

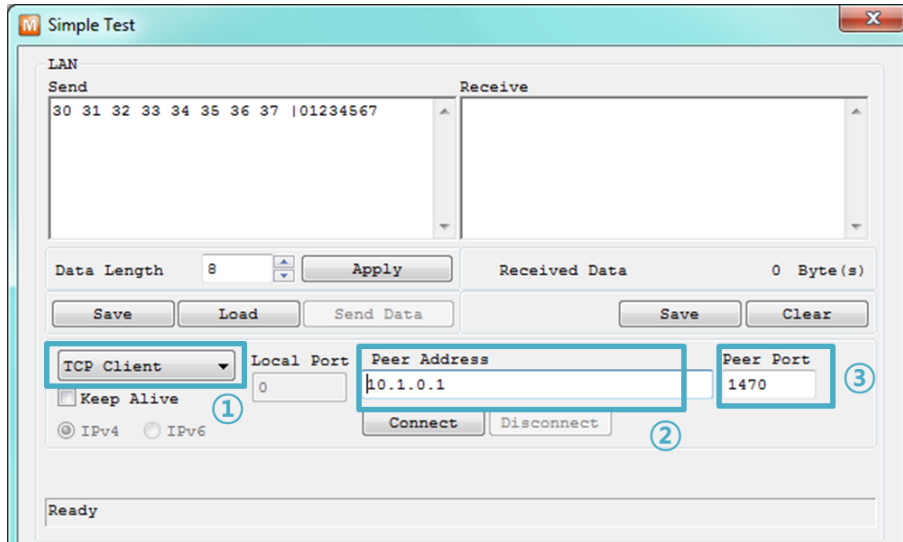


Figure 2-3 settings for TCP connection

- ① Select [TCP Client]
  - ② Input correct IP address and port number of CSE-M53N
  - ③ Click the [Connect] button. (In case of TCP Server, it will be [Listen] button)
- Opening RS232 Port

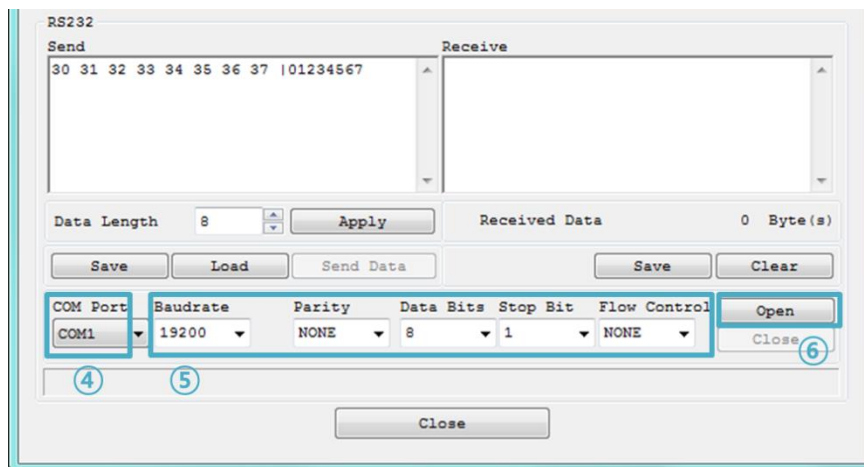


Figure 2-4 opening COM Port

- ④ Select COM port which the CSE-M53N is connected to
- ⑤ Make sure that all the parameters are the same with CSE-M53N
- ⑥ Press the [Open] button

- Confirm the TCP Connection and COM port status

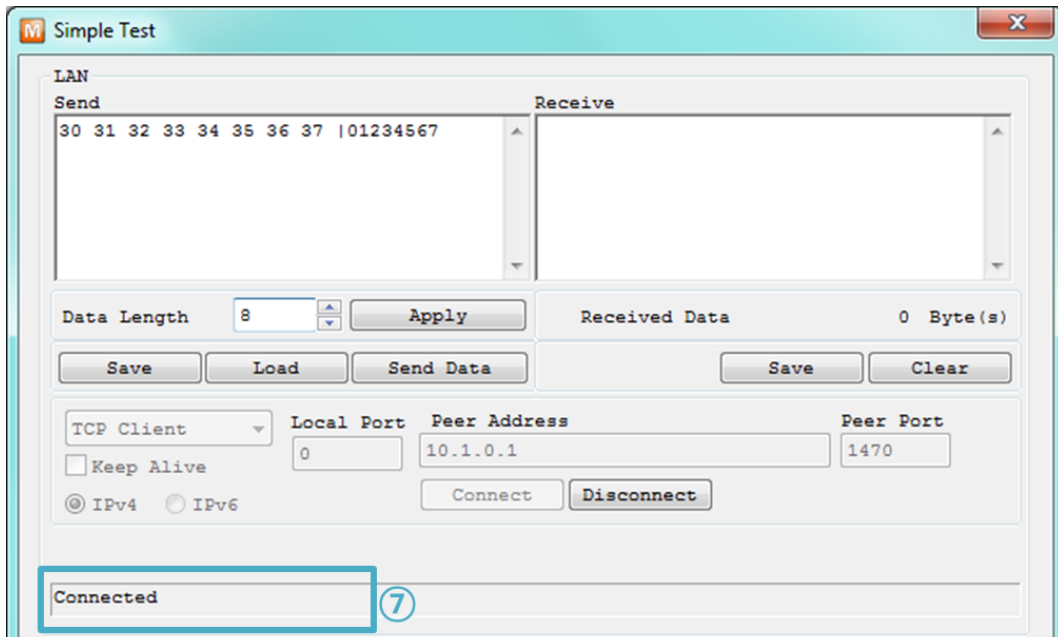


Figure 2-5 TCP Connected message

- ⑦ Check the message if the TCP connection is established

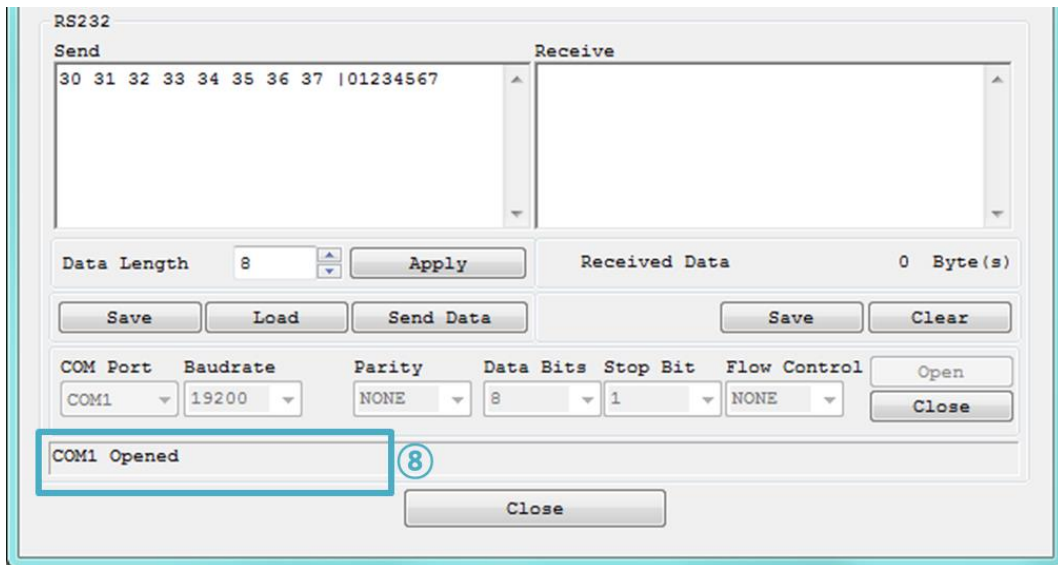


Figure 2-6 COM Port open message

- ⑧ Check the message if the COM port has been opened

- Data transmission test

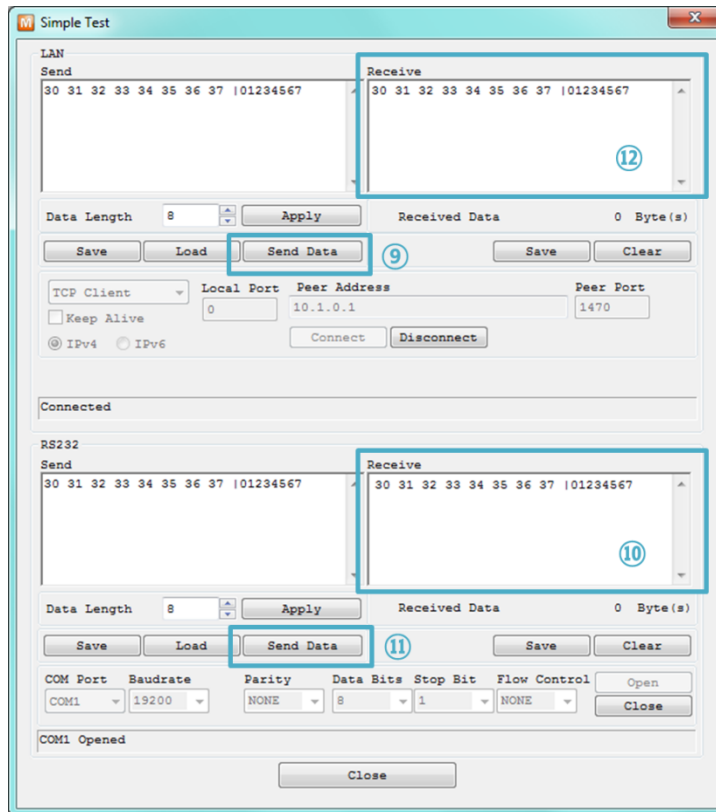


Figure 2-7 successful data transmission

- ⑨ Click the [Send data] on the LAN part
- ⑩ Check the data have been shown from the step ⑨

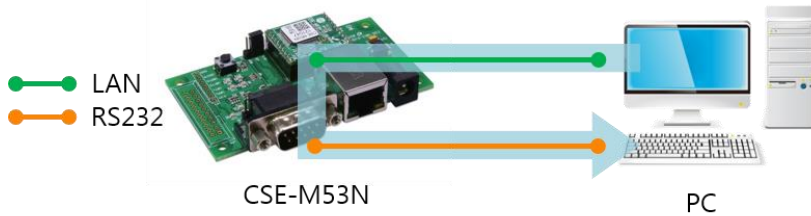


Figure 2-8 LAN → RS232

- ⑪ Press the [Send data] on the RS232 part
- ⑫ Check the data have been received from the step ⑪



Figure 2-9 RS232 → LAN



# 3 Configuration

## 3.1 Configuration with ezManager

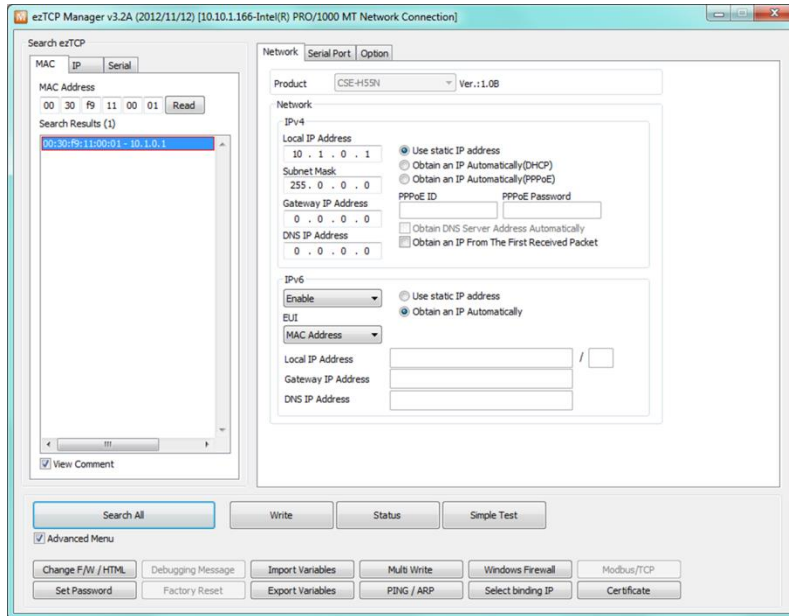


Figure 3-1 initial appearance of ezManager

### 3.1.1 Configuration via LAN

- Checklists

Make sure the connection between your PC and CSE-M53N. If they are the same network, [MAC Address search] button can be used. If they aren't, only [IP Address search] is allowed to use.

- Procedures

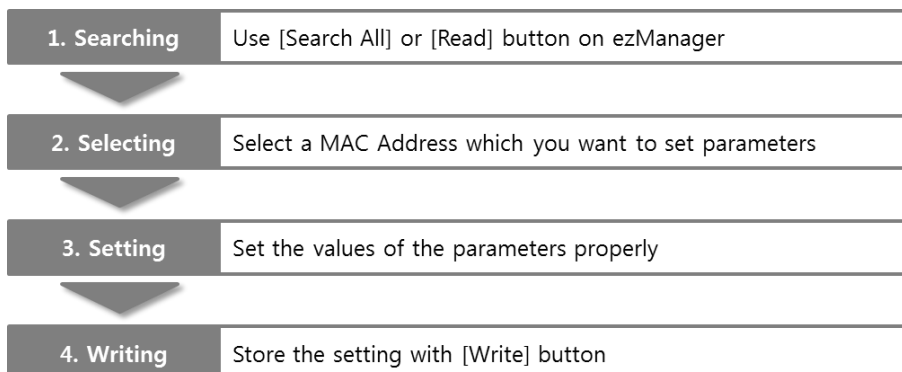


Figure 3-2 procedures for configuration via LAN

### 3.1.2 Configuration via Serial

- Checklists

Make sure the connection between your PC and CSE-M53N using RS232 cross cable. To use this, CSE-M53N has to be operating in the [Serial Configuration] mode. By connecting ISP- pin with GND (LOW) less than 1 second, you can enter the mode. After this, read the setting via [Serial] tab on ezManager.

- Procedures

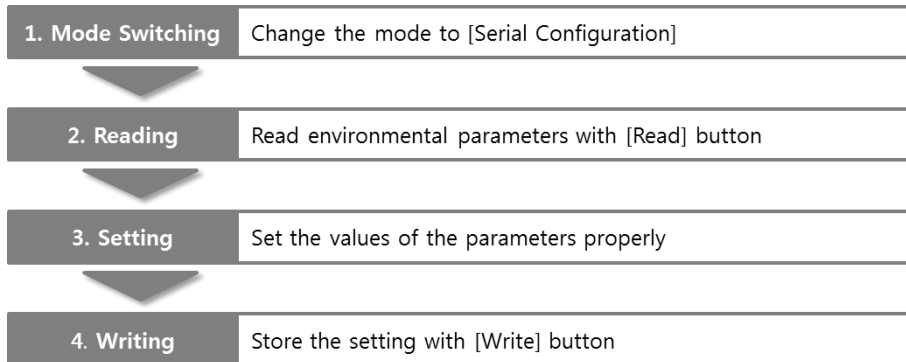


Figure 3-3 procedures for configuration via Serial

- Step 2, Reading

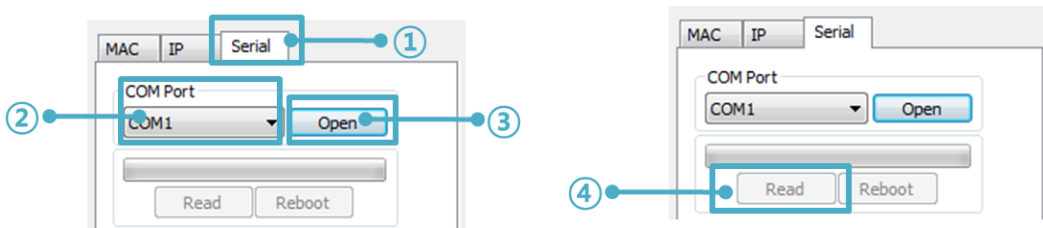


Figure 3-4 reading procedure via serial

- ① Choose the [Serial] tab
- ② Select the COM port which the CSE-M53N is connected with
- ③ Open the COM port with the [Open] button
- ④ Load the setting with [Read] button

☞ **Refer to the [ezManager] manual on our website for details.**

☞ **You can download ezManager application for a smartphone on our website.**

### 3.2 AT command

In the AT command mode, you can change some parameters through the serial port.

- Checklists

Make sure the connection between your PC and CSE-M53N using RS232 cross cable. To use this, CSE-M53N has to be set to [AT command] mode as its communication mode. This can be configured by ezManager.

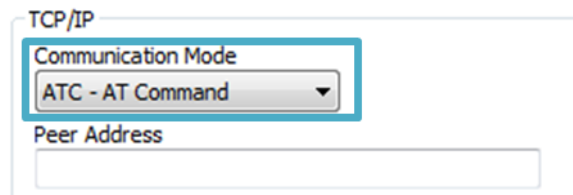


Figure 3-5 setting the communication mode to the AT command

- Procedures

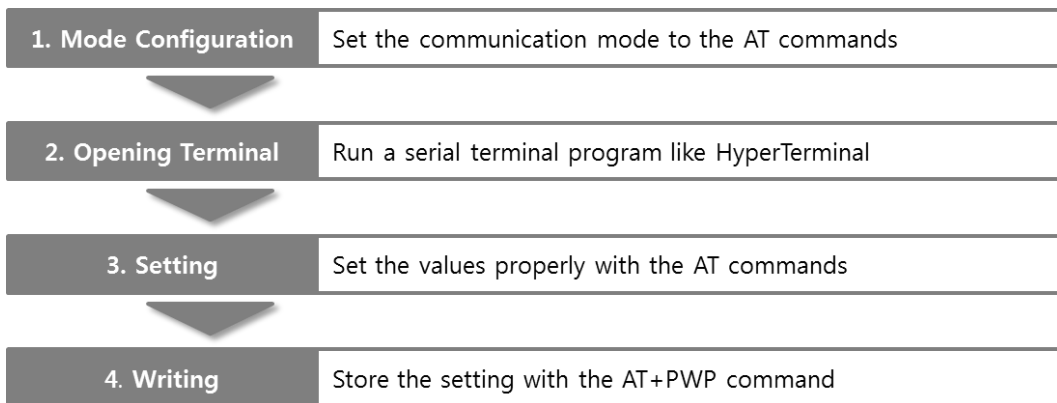


Figure 3-6 procedures for configuration with AT command

| Division                     | Available parameters  |
|------------------------------|---|
| IP Address related items     | Local IP Address, DHCP, PPPoE, Subnet Mask, Gateway IP Address, DNS IP Address, ... |
| TCP connection related items | Local Port, Peer Address (IP Address or Host name), Peer Port, ...                  |
| Option                       | ESC code sending option, timeout, ...   |

Table 3-1 parameters which are available to change with AT command

*Including above items, rest of parameters can be set by ezManager*

## 4 Operation Modes

### 4.1 What is the Operation Mode?

Each of three operation mode of CSE-M53N is defined for specific purpose, and those are followed.

- Normal mode  
This mode is for normal data communication and has 4 different connection modes. Configuring parameters is also available in this mode.
- Serial configuration mode  
This mode is for configuring environmental parameters through the RS-232 port.
- ISP mode  
This mode is for upgrading firmware. In addition, you can set environmental parameters even though the security options like password are activated by entering this mode.

### 4.2 How to entering each mode

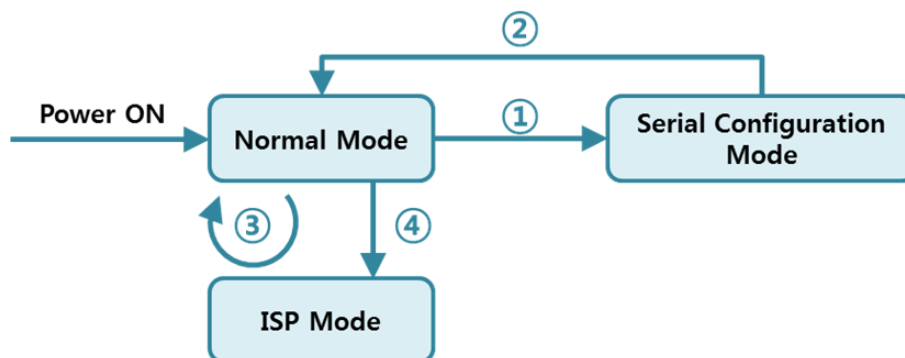


Figure 4-1 How to entering each mode

- ① Put the ISP# pin into GND less than 1 second.
- ② Reset or "g 0" command
- ③ Transfer a firmware by ezManager
- ④ Put the ISP# pin into GND more than 1 second.

### 4.3 Comparison with each mode

| Name                 | Serial port      | Serial type       |
|----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Normal               | configured value | RS232/RS422/RS485 |
| Serial Configuration | 115,200/N/8/1    | RS232/RS422       |
| ISP                  | -                | -                 |

Table 4-1 comparison of each mode

### 4.4 Normal Mode

In normal mode, there are four connection types to communication with a remote host.

| Mode       | Description  |
|------------|--|
| TCP Server | Wait connection request from TCP clients (Passive Connection)    |
| TCP Client | Send connection request to a TCP server (Active Connection)      |
| AT Command | Control connections by AT commands (Active / Passive Connection) |
| UDP        | Communicate in block units without connection                    |

Table 4-2 comparison of communication mode

| Name       | Protocol | Connection | Modifying software of serial devices | Serial configuration | Topology |
|------------|----------|------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|----------|
| TCP Server | TCP      | Passive    | -                                    | Unavailable          | 1:1      |
| TCP Client |          | Active     | -                                    | Unavailable          | 1:1      |
| AT Command |          | Either     | Required                             | Available            | 1:1      |
| UDP        | UDP      | -          | -                                    | Unavailable          | N:M      |

Table 4-3 comparison of four communication modes

## 4.5 Serial Configuration Mode

This is a mode for setting environmental parameters through RS232 port. If you can't use the Ethernet, this mode is only way to configure the values. Once entering this mode, use the [Read] button on the [Serial] tab of ezManager. (Figure 3-4)

☞ *Refer to the [Serial Management Protocol] document on our website for details.*

## 4.6 ISP Mode

There are two different ways to enter ISP mode. One is to apply LOW signal to ISP pin for over 1 second, the other is to apply power on CSE-M53N while ISP pin is connected to GND. Entering the ISP mode is used for two purposes in the below chapters(4.6.1/4.6.2).

### 4.6.1 Upgrading Firmware

ISP mode is for upgrading firmware which is offered by us. The upgrade is implemented on Ethernet.

☞ *The details are followed in the ["6.1 Upgrading Firmware"](#).*

### 4.6.2 Revoking Security Options

CSE-M53N offers restriction methods for security like filtering password or MAC and IP address. In the ISP mode, you can revoke all of these. When you forgot the password, enter the ISP mode to solve the problem.

## 5 Communication Modes

### 5.1 TCP Server

In this mode, CSE-M53N functions as a TCP server. CSE-M53N listens to a TCP connection from remote host. Once a host tries to connect to CSE-M53N, it responds that request. After the connection is established, CSE-M53N converts the raw data from the serial port to TCP/IP data and sends them to the network and vice versa.

#### 5.1.1 Key parameters

- Local Port

This is a server's port number which is used in the TCP connection.

- Event Byte

With setting event bytes, users can handle the serial data before a TCP connection is established.

| Value                       | Description  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| 0                           | CSE-M53N doesn't send the data   |
| Otherwise<br>(512 or under) | CSE-M53N sends the data right after a connection is established.<br>512 or under bytes are strongly recommended. |

Table 5-1 Event Byte

- Timeout

If there is no transmission of data for amount of time which is set to this parameter, CSE-M53N tries to terminate established TCP connection.

- Notify IP Change

This function is for notifying information about changed IP address to a server. Not only the TCP/UDP protocol but Dynamic Domain Name Service (DDNS) can be used.

- Restriction of Access

Users can block TCP connections from unauthorized hosts by using this option. Both IP and MAC address are available.

### 5.1.2 Examples

- A situation that [Event Byte] is set to 0.

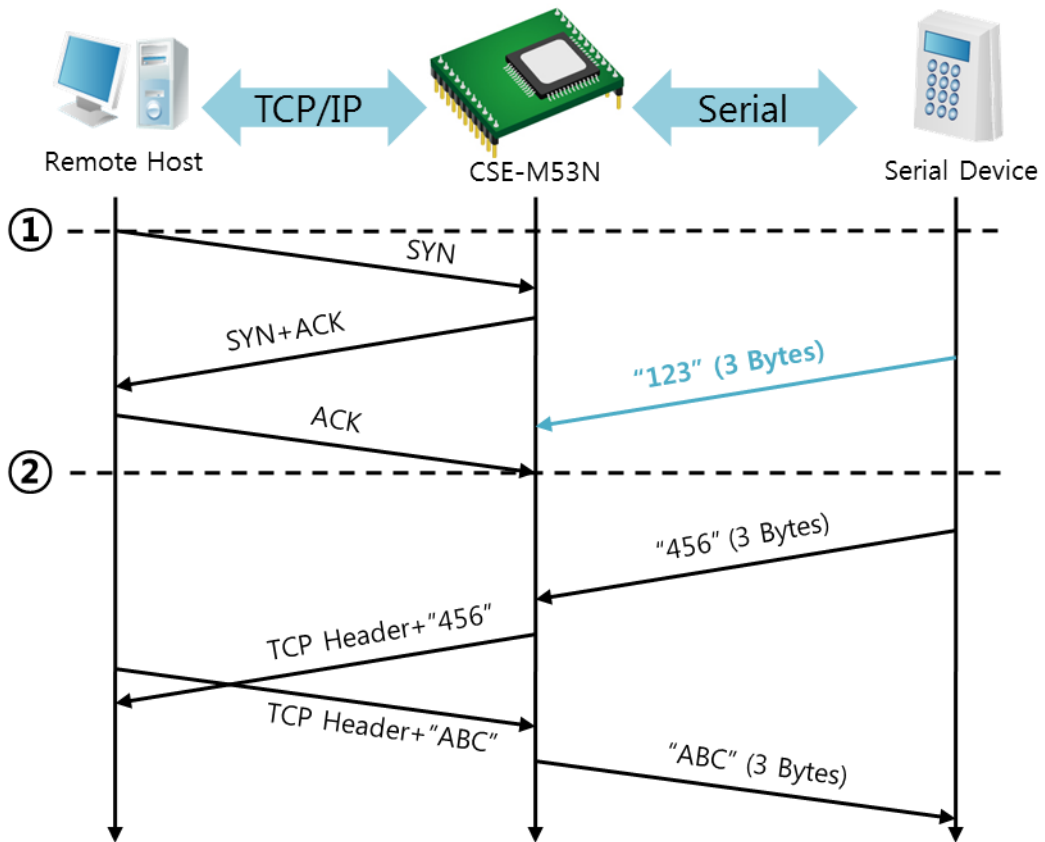


Figure 5-1 time chart for a situation that [Event Byte] is set to zero

| Points | States  |
|--------|---|
| ~      | CSE-M53N is listening to connection requests            |
| ①      | Remote host has sent a connection request (SYN) segment |
| ~      | Processes of the connection                             |
| ②      | The connection has been established                     |
| ~      | Data communication on both sides                        |

Table 5-2 states of each points

Look at the blue arrow. The data "123" from the serial port had sent before the connection is established. In this case, the data wasn't sent because of the [Event Byte] is set to 0.



- A situation that [Event Byte] is set to 1.

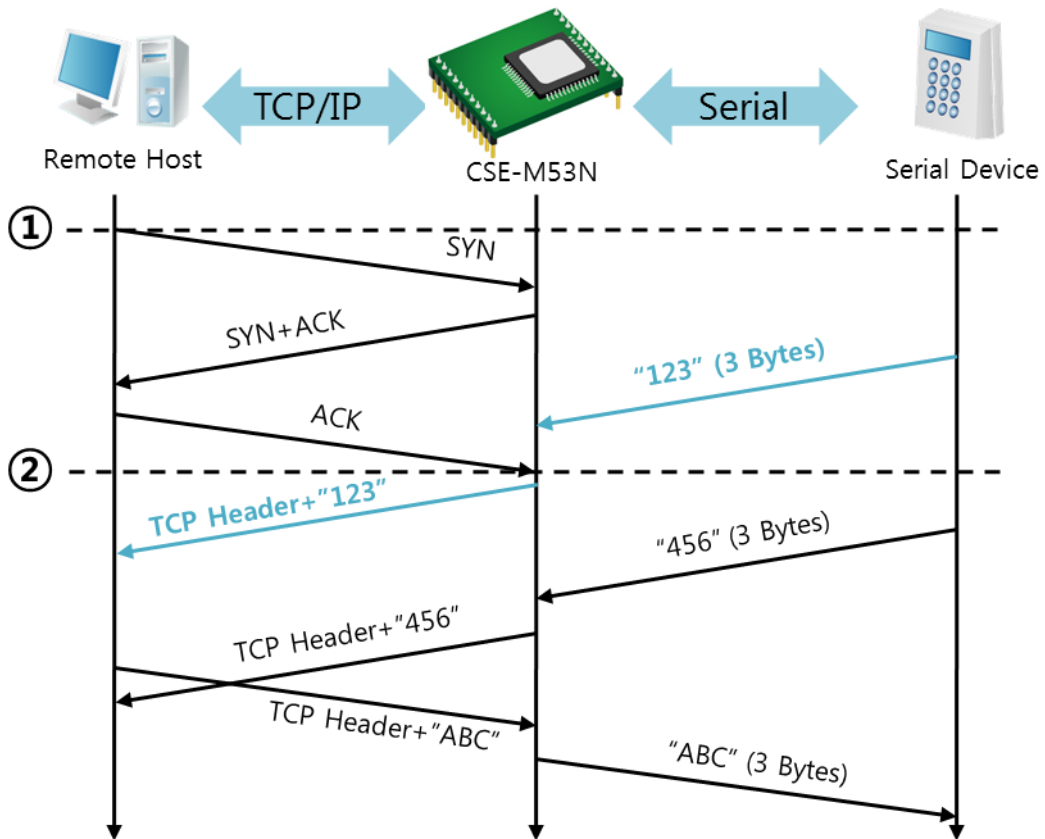


Figure 5-2 time chart for a situation that [Event Byte] is set to 1

| Points | States   |
|--------|--|
| ~      | CSE-M53N is listening to connection requests                             |
| ①      | Remote host has sent a connection request (SYN) segment                  |
| ~      | Processes of the connection  |
| ②      | The connection has been established                                      |
| ~      | The data "123" has been sent right after the end of connection processes |

Table 5-3 states of each points

As you can see, the data "123" has been sent right after the connection is established because the value of [Event Byte] had been set to 1. If the value is not 0, the result is the same as above example.

- A situation that [Timeout] is set to 5.

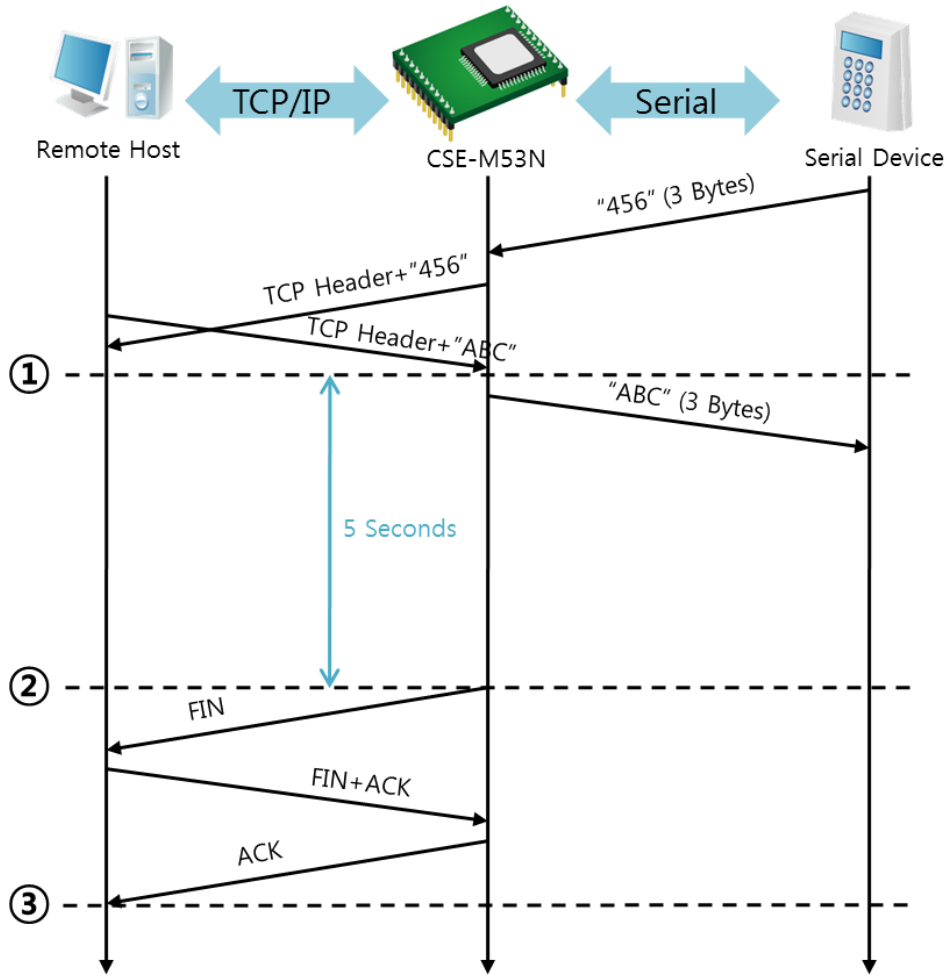


Figure 5-3 time chart for a situation that [Timeout] is set to 5

| Points | States   |
|--------|--|
| ~      | Data communication on both sides                               |
| ①      | The last segment has been arrived at the CSE-M53N              |
| ~      | 5 seconds are passed with no data communication                |
| ②      | CSE-M53N has sent disconnection request (FIN) to a remote host |
| ~      | Processes of the disconnection                                 |
| ③      | The connection has been terminated                             |
| ~      | CSE-M53N is listening to connection requests                   |

Table 5-4 states of each points

## 5.2 TCP Client

In this mode, CSE-M53N sends request segments to a TCP server with information of [Peer Address] and [Peer Port]. Once a host is listening, the connection will be established. After then, CSE-M53N converts the raw data from the serial port to TCP/IP data and sends them to the network and vice versa.

### 5.2.1 Key parameters

- Peer Address

This part is to put host name or IP address of TCP server.

- Peer Port

[Peer Port] is a port number of TCP server.

- Event Byte

CSE-M53N decides the time to send the connection request frame with this parameter.

| Value                       | Description  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| 0                           | Right after CSE-M53N boots up  |
| Otherwise<br>(512 or under) | right after the bytes set to [Event Byte] have been received from the serial port<br>Setting to less than 512 bytes is strongly recommended. |

Table 5-5 the operation of Event Byte 1

In addition, users can handle the serial data before a TCP connection is established with this parameter.

| Value                       | Description   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| 0                           | CSE-M53N does not send the data   |
| Otherwise<br>(512 or under) | CSE-M53N sends the data right after a connection is established.<br>Setting to less than 512 bytes is strongly recommended. |

Table 5-6 the operation of Event Byte 2

- Timeout

If there is no transmission of data for amount of time which is set to this parameter, CSE-M53N tries to terminate established TCP connection.

- TCP Server

This check option is enable the TCP server / client mode. In this mode, CSE-M53N can be operated as a TCP server or client without changing its setting.

- DNS IP Address

[DNS IP Address] needs when users use host name instead of the IP address.

### 5.2.2 Examples

- A situation that [Event Byte] is set to 0.

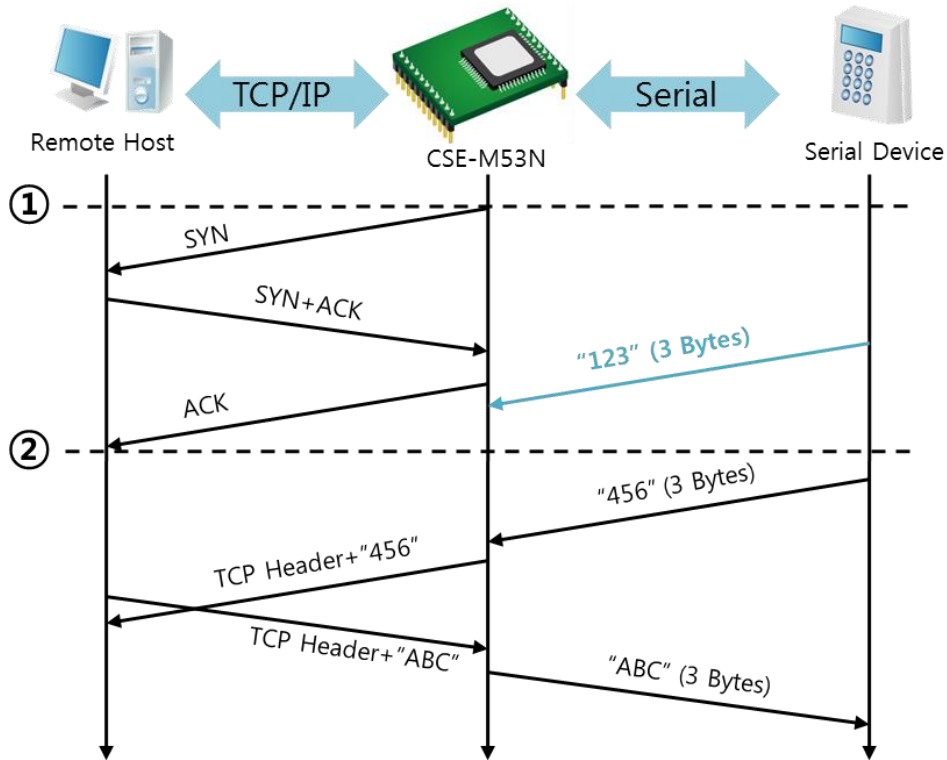


Figure 5-4 time chart for a situation that [Event Byte] is set to 0

| Points | States   |
|--------|--|
| ~      | Before the power is supplied                                 |
| ①      | Sends TCP connection request segment right after it boots up |
| ~      | Processes of the disconnection                               |
| ②      | The connection has been established                          |
| ~      | Data communication on both sides                             |

Table 5-7 states of each points

Look at the blue arrow. The data "123" from the serial port had sent before the connection is established. In this case, the data wasn't sent because of the [Event Byte] is set to 0

- A situation that [Event Byte] is set to 5.

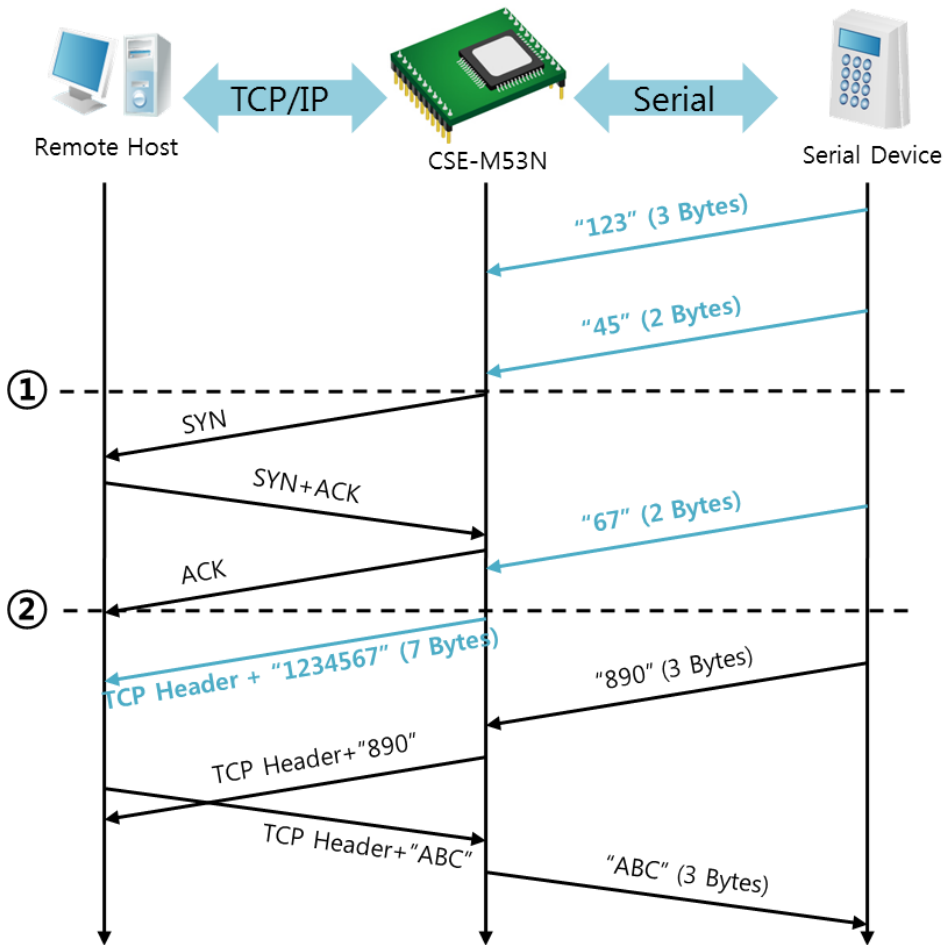


Figure 5-5 time chart for a situation that [Event Byte] is set to 5

| Points | States  |
|--------|---|
| ~      | CSE-M53N has receives data from its serial port until the amount of data is 5 bytes |
| ①      | Sends connection request segment right after receiving 5 bytes.                     |
| ~      | Processes of the TCP connection   |
| ②      | The connection has been established   |
| ~      | The "1234567" is transmitted to the remote host                                     |

Table 5-8 states of each points

As you can see in the figure 5-5, CSE-M53N sends request segment right after the serial data had been 5 bytes. Even though those are come before the connection is established, the data "123", "45" and "67" are transmitted to the remote host because of the [Event Byte] is set to 5.

- An activated [TCP Server] option

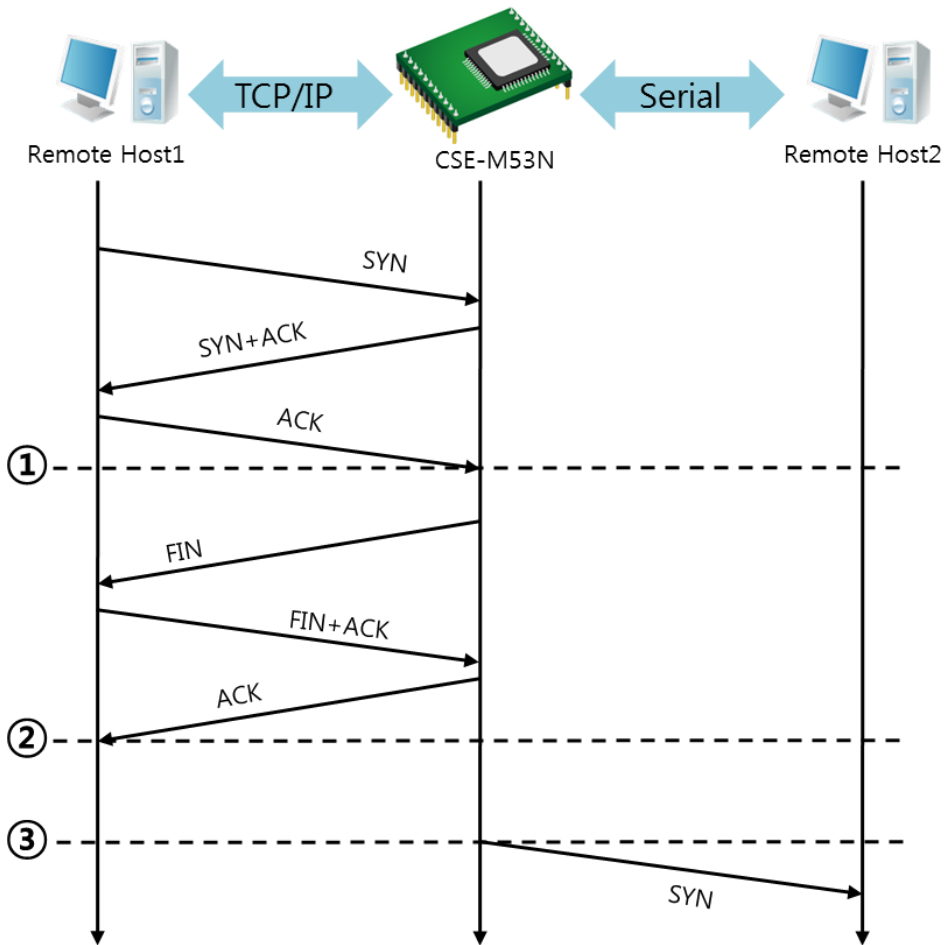


Figure 5-6 time chart for activating [TCP Server] option

| Points | States   |
|--------|--|
| ~      | CSE-M53N is listening to connection requests           |
| ①      | The connection has been established                    |
| ~      | CSE-M53N is on line and processes of the disconnection |
| ②      | The connection has been terminated                     |
| ~      | Both sides are offline                                 |
| ③      | Sends TCP connection request segment                   |

Table 5-9 states of each points

The TCP Server / Client mode can be useful option by using [Event Byte] and [Timeout]. Note that only one TCP connection can be established at the same time, so users should consider setting [Timeout] properly.

## 5.3 AT Command

AT command is a mode which users control CSE-M53N with AT command like controlling modem. In this mode, active and passive TCP connections are available. And users are allowed to configure some environmental parameters with extended commands.

### 5.3.1 Key parameters

The configuration should be implemented via the serial port of CSE-M53N

| Commands | Description      | Examples              |
|----------|------------------|-----------------------|
| +PLIP    | Local IP Address | at+plip=10.1.0.1 <CR> |
| +PLP     | Local Port       | at+plp=1470 <CR>      |
| +PRIP    | Peer IP Address  | at+prip=10.1.0.2 <CR> |
| +PRP     | Peer Port        | at+prp=1470 <CR>      |
| +PDC     | DHCP             | at+pdc=1 (ON) <CR>    |
| +PPE     | PPPoE            | at+ppe=1 (ON) <CR>    |
| +PTO     | Timeout          | at+pto=10 <CR>        |
| +PWP     | Store setting    | at+pwp <CR>           |

Table 5-10 some of extended commands for configuration

- Related items with IP Address and Local Port  
Local port can be set as well as IP address related parameters like IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway IP Address.
- Peer Address / Peer Port  
IP address and local port of a remote host are can be set.
- Type of assigning IP address: Manual, DHCP, PPPoE  
Not only manual setting, also automatic assigning protocol (DHCP, PPPoE) are available.
- Others  
Some of options including [Timeout] can be configured in this mode.

### 5.3.2 Examples

- TCP Server – setting parameters and passive connection

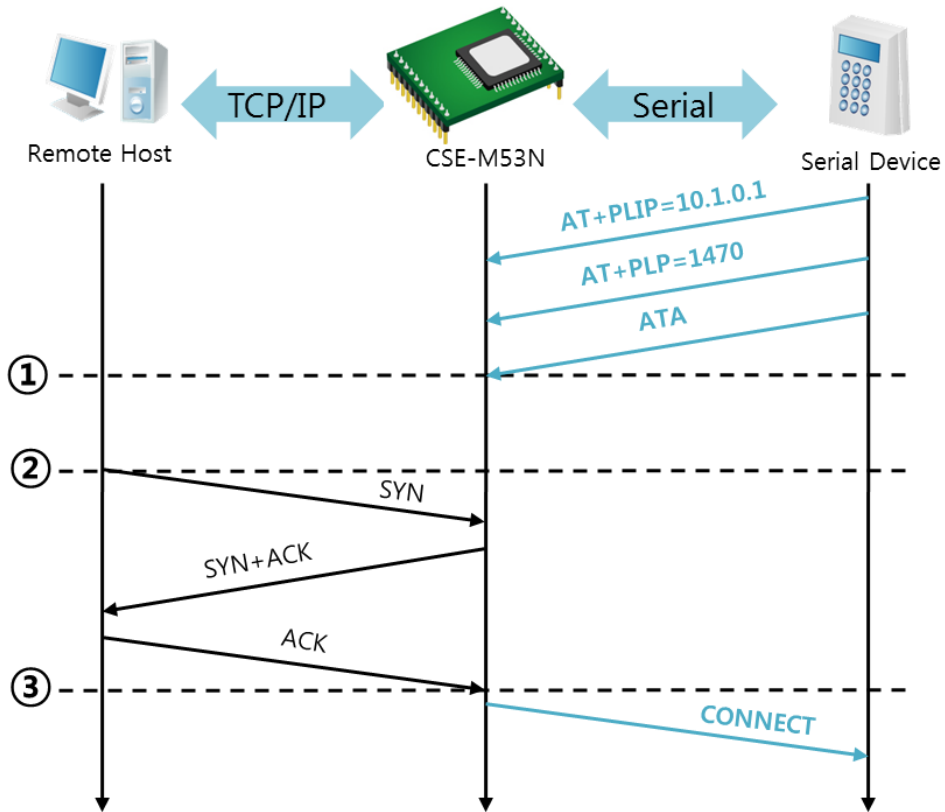


Figure 5-7 TCP passive connection

| Points | States  |
|--------|---|
| ~      | Set parameters in the AT command mode                         |
| ①      | CSE-M53N listens TCP connection requests with the ATA command |
| ~      | CSE-M53N is listening TCP connection requests                 |
| ②      | A remote host has sent SYN segment to CSE-M53N                |
| ~      | Processes of TCP connection                                   |
| ③      | TCP connection has been established                           |
| ~      | CSE-M53N sends "CONNECT" message to the serial port           |

Table 5-11 states of each points

☞ *Most of the response messages from the serial port of CSE-M53N are omitted on above figure.*



- TCP Client – setting parameters and active connection

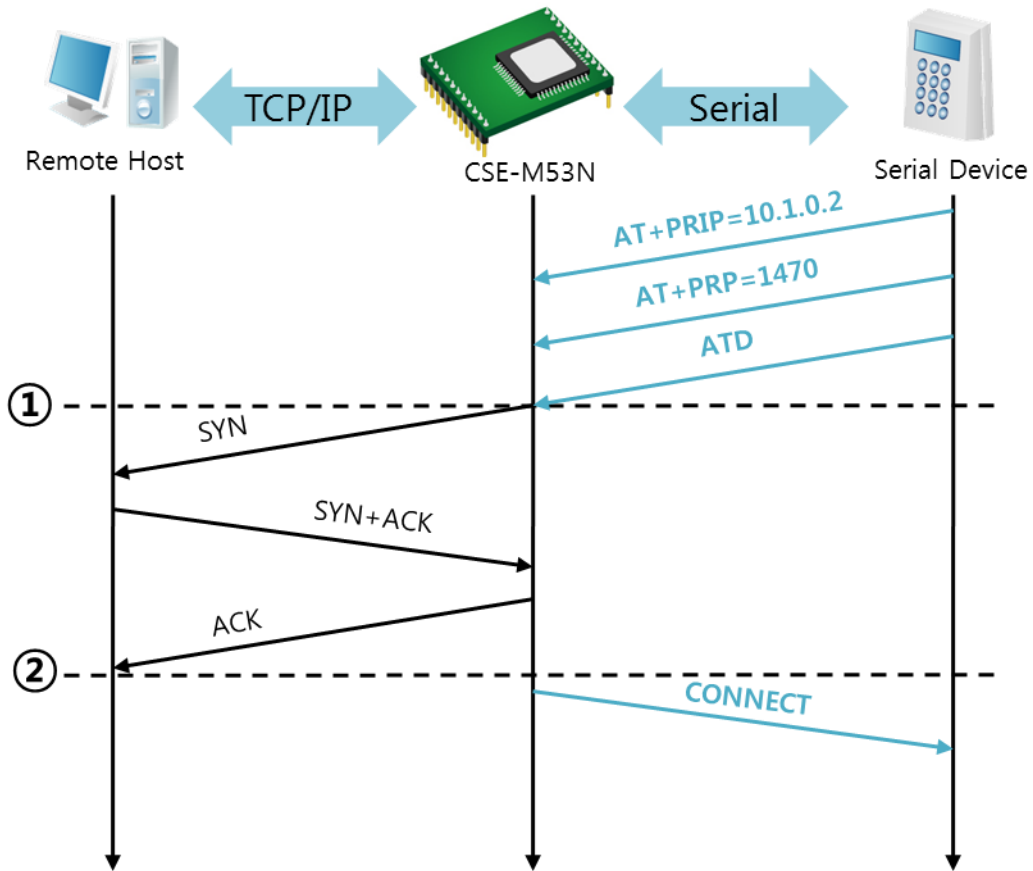


Figure 5-8 TCP Active connection

| Points | States   |
|--------|--|
| ~      | Set parameters in the AT command mode                        |
| ①      | CSE-M53N sends a TCP connection request with the ATD command |
| ~      | Processes of TCP connection                                  |
| ②      | TCP connection has been established                          |
| ~      | CSE-M53N sends "CONNECT" message to the serial port          |

Table 5-12 states of each points

- Termination of online status – entering the AT command mode

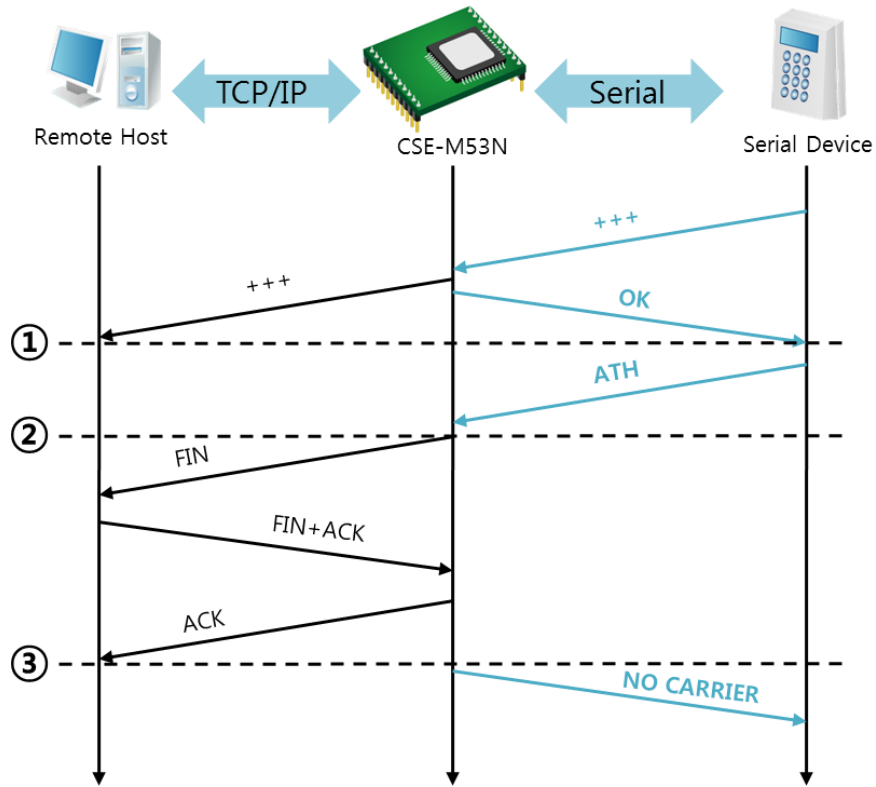


Figure 5-9 Termination of online status

| Points | States   |
|--------|--|
| ~      | Keeps TCP connection                                     |
| ①      | CSE-M53N enters the AT command mode with receiving "+++" |
| ~      | Keeps AC command mode                                    |
| ②      | CSE-M53N terminates TCP connection with ATH command      |
| ~      | Processes of TCP disconnection                           |
| ③      | TCP connection has been terminated                       |
| ~      | CSE-M53N sends "NO CARRIER" with disconnection           |

Table 5-13 states of each points

CSE-M53N changes the mode to AT command, when receiving "+++" and sending "OK" message. In this state, the communication with remote host is not possible because CSE-M53N processes only AT command. Whenever you want to go back to online state (TCP connection), use "ATO" command.

☞ **Refer to the [At Command(ATC) Mode] document on our website for details.**

## 5.4 UDP

UDP has no connection processes. In this mode, data is sent in block units. Therefore, data that comes through CSE-M53N's serial port is collected in block units to send it elsewhere.

### 5.4.1 Key parameters

- Block Size(Byte)

[Block Size(Byte)] is to set the time to gather data in one block. Its unit is byte. If the data in configured size of the [Block Size(Byte)] comes into the serial port, CSE-M53N will send them as one block to the network. The maximum value could be 1460 bytes.

- Dynamic update of Peer host

If you set the value of [Peer Address] and [Peer Port] to 0, [dynamic update of peer host] function is activated. By using this function, CSE-M53N can communicate to multiple hosts without additional setting.

### 5.4.2 Examples

- Block Size: 5

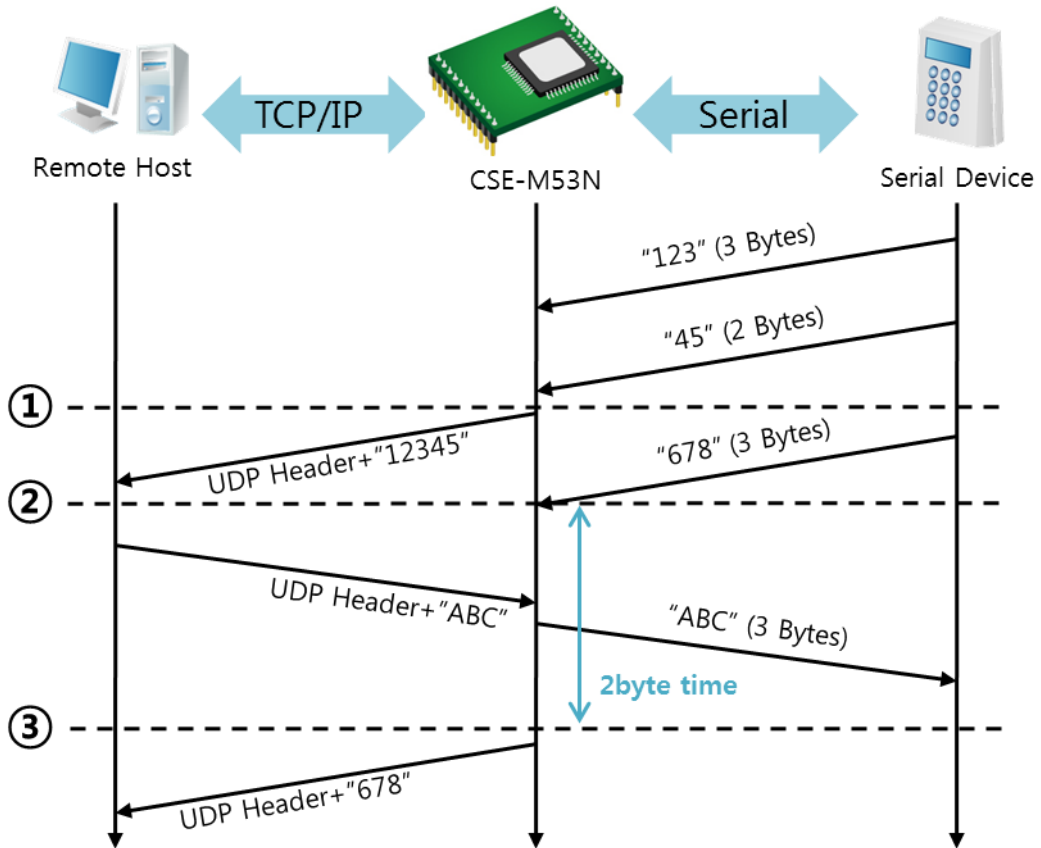


Figure 5-10 time chart for block size is 5 bytes

| Points | States  |
|--------|---|
| ~      | CSE-M53N is receiving data from the serial port               |
| ①      | CSE-M53N Sends 5 bytes as one block based on the [Block Size] |
| ~      | Serial device sends data "678" to the CSE-M53N                |
| ②      | Data "678" has arrived  |
| ~      | CSE-M53N sends data from the remote host to the serial device |
| ③      | 2byte time has passed   |
| ~      | CSE-M53N sends data "678" based on the [Data frame]           |

Table 5-14 states of each points

- Dynamic Update of Peer host

This is a function that CSE-M53N automatically sets its peer host with information of the last packet received from network. The source address of the packet is set to the peer host.

| Parameters   | Values   |
|--------------|----------|
| Peer Address | 0 (None) |
| Peer Port    | 0        |

Table 5-15 setting for [dynamic update of peer host] function

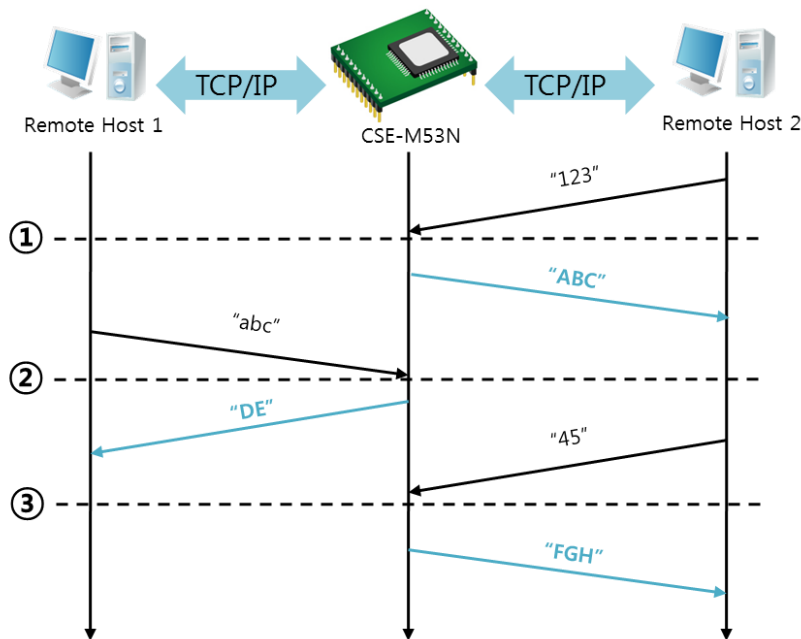


Figure 5-11 time chart for [dynamic update of peer host]

| Points | States                                      |
|--------|---|
| ~      | Remote host 2 sends data to CSE-M53N        |
| ①      | CSE-M53N sets host 2 to peer host           |
| ~      | Remote host 1 sends data to CSE-M53N        |
| ②      | CSE-M53N updates host 1 to peer host        |
| ~      | Remote host 2 sends data again to CSE-M53N  |
| ③      | CSE-M53N updates host 2 to peer host        |
| ~      | CSE-M53N can communicate with remote host 2 |

Table 5-16 states of each points

☞ The data "ABC", "DE", "FGH" are from the serial port of CSE-M53N in the above figure.

## 6 System Management

### 6.1 Upgrading Firmware

#### 6.1.1 Firmware

Firmware is a type of software for operation of CSE-M53N. If there are needs for adding function or fixing bugs, the firmware is modified and released. We recommend that users keep use the latest released firmware.

#### 6.1.2 Processes

- Downloading the latest released firmware  
Download the newest firmware file. We update our homepage when a new firmware is released. You can find it on our website.
- Entering ISP mode  
Enter ISP mode to download firmware file to CSE-M53N.
- Run a TFTP client and ready to send the F/W file  
Run a TFTP client program. ezManager is equipped the client program. Click the [Change F/W / HTML] button.

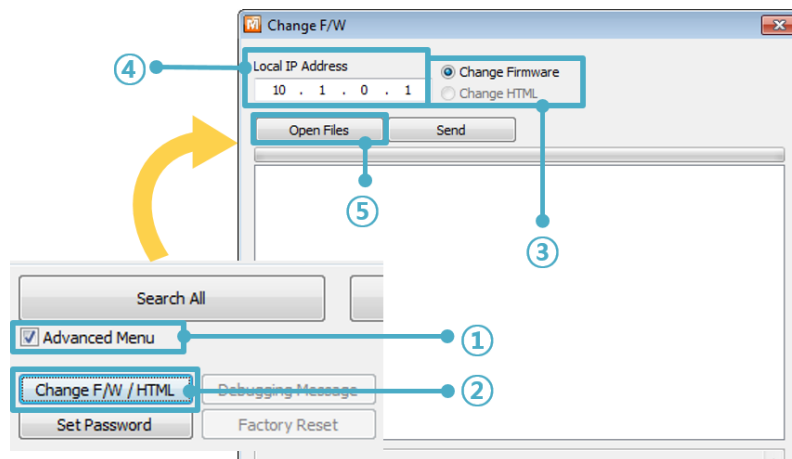


Figure 6-1 running TFTP client

- ① Check the [Advanced Menu] check box
- ② Click the [Change F/W / HTML] button to run TFTP client
- ③ Select the [Change Firmware] radio button
- ④ Input the IP address of CSE-M53N to the [Local IP Address] text box
- ⑤ Press the [Open Files] button and choose the firmware file

- Checking firmware file and Sending

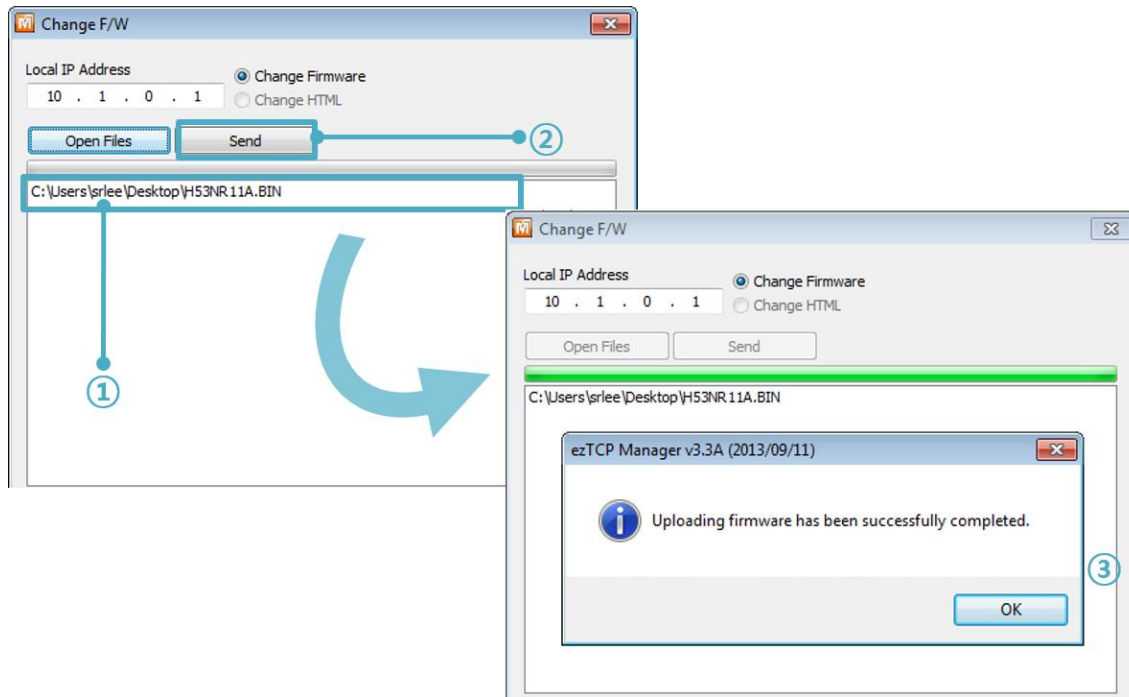


Figure 6-2 sending firmware file

- ① Check if the name and path of the firmware file are correct
- ② Click the [Send] button
- ③ Confirm the completed message

## 6.2 Status Monitoring

### 6.2.1 Using TELNET

Once the [TELNET] option is activated, users can remotely log in to CSE-M53N. If a password is set, users should input the password.

**☞ Starting with firmware version 2.0A, you can login by entering "sollae" without setting a password.**

After then, messages from CSE-M53N appear like the below figure.

```
CSE-M53N Management Console v1.0E Sollae Systems
lsh>
```

Figure 6-3 log in to CSE-M53N on TELNET

Followed commands let users check each state.

| Command | Option     | Description                 | Usage             |
|---------|------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| st      | net        | Ipv4 Network Status         | lsh>st net        |
|         | net6       | Ipv6 Network Status         | lsh>st net6       |
|         | sio        | Serial Port Status          | lsh>st sio        |
|         | uptime     | System Uptime               | lsh>st uptime     |
| sc      | [OP1][OP2] | Session Control             | lsh>sc com1 close |
| sd      | [OP1][OP2] | Serial Data Capture         | lsh>sd 1 100      |
|         |            | Serial Data Capturing Stops | lsh>sd 1 0        |
| exit    |            | Telnet Session Exit         | lsh>exit          |

Table 6-1 Commands for checking states

- st net

"st net" command displays present IPv4 network states of all sessions.

```
CSE-M53N Management Console v1.0E Sollae Systems
lsh>st net
proto  name      local address      peer address      sendq  state
-----
TCP    tty        10.1.0.1( 23)     10.11.0.67(50904) 219    ESTABLISHED
TCP    com1       0.0.0.0( 1470)    0.0.0.0( 0)       0      LISTEN
lsh>
```

Figure 6-4 "st net" command



- st net6

"st net6" command displays present IPv6 network states of all sessions.

```
lsh>st net6
proto  name          local/peer address          sendq    state
-----
TCP6   tty            fe80::230:f9ff:fe12:1002( 23)  127     ESTABLISHED
                fe80::f965:11c7:ea03:9987(55717)
lsh>
```

Figure 6-5 "st net6" command

- st sio

"st sio" command displays the number of bytes for the serial port.

```
lsh>st sio
port  fmax  rbmax  rxbuf  txbuf  rx_count  tx_count
-----
com1  0     0     0     0     0         0
lsh>
```

Figure 6-6 "st sio" command

- st uptime

"st uptime" command shows amount of time since CSE-M53N boots up.

```
lsh>st uptime
00:05:19.16 up 0 days
lsh>
```

Figure 6-7 "st uptime" command

- sc

"sc" command is used when users close a session. [OP1] means the name of session, and [OP2] should be "close".

```
lsh>sc com1 close
com1: closed
lsh>
```

Figure 6-8 "sc" command

- sd

“sd” command is for capturing serial data. [OP1] means name of the session, [OP2] means period, which has a 10ms unit, for the capture

```
Ish>sd 1 100
com1 dump start
com1 dump buffering time : 1000ms
Ish>tx1 => 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37           | 01234567
rx1 <= 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37           | 01234567
```

Figure 6-9 “sd” command

Below is the example of how to stop capturing a serial data.

```
Ish>sd 1 0
com1 dump stop
Ish>
```

Figure 6-10 serial data capturing stops

- exit

“exit” command is used when users close Telnet session.

```
Ish>exit
```

Figure 6-11 “exit” command

☞ ***In case of the “sc” command you should use only small letters.***

☞ ***You can download TCP Client application for a smartphone on our website.***

## 6.2.2 Using ezManager

Status of CSE-M53N can be monitored by [Status] button on ezManager. By using the [Refresh Every 1 Second] option in the status window, the status is automatically updated in every second.

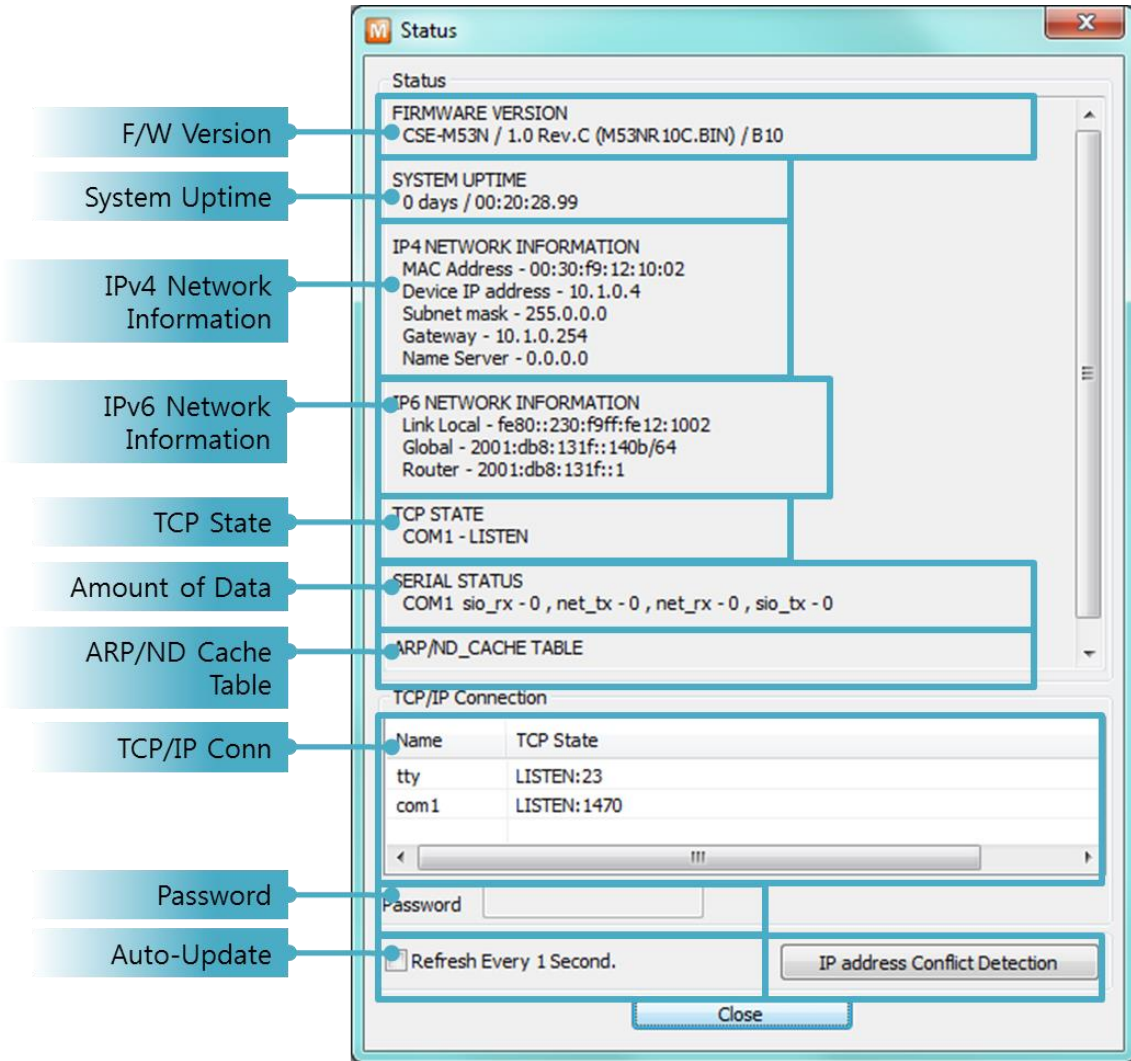


Figure 6-12 status window of ezManager

- **FIRMWARE VERSION**  
The name of model name and the version of firmware are displayed here.
- **SYSTEM UPTIME**  
Amount of time is displayed since CSE-M53N boots up.
- **IP4 NETWORK INFORMATION**  
All information about related items with Ipv4 Address is shown here. It works even if the IP address is assigned from DHCP or PPPoE.

- IP6 NETWORK INFORMATION

All information about related items with Ipv6 Address is shown here. It works even if the IP address is assigned from DHCP or PPPoE.

- TCP STATE

TCP status of each port is shown this section.

| Message     | Description                               |
|-------------|---|
| LISTEN      | listening TCP connection                  |
| CLOSE       | TCP connection is closed                  |
| SYN_SENT    | Send "SYN" segment to make TCP connection |
| ESTABLISHED | When TCP connection is established        |
| N/A         | In UDP mode                               |

Table 6-2 TCP STATE

- SERIAL STATUS

Amount of data in every buffer is displayed. The unit is byte.

| Buffer | Description   |
|--------|---|
| sio_rx | The number of data which is received from the COM port    |
| net_tx | The number of data which is sent to the remote host       |
| net_rx | The number of data which is received from the remote host |
| sio_tx | The number of data which is sent to the COM port          |

Table 6-3 SERIAL STATUS

- ARP/ND CACHE TABLE

This part shows ARP table on CSE-M53N. When TCP connection is established or UDP data communication is performed, the information of IP and MAC address is automatically stored in the ARP table. This information is held for 1 minute. When 50 seconds is passed, CSE-M53N starts broadcasting the ARP packet again. If there is no response until the time is 0, the information is removed. If there is response, the time is updated 60 seconds again.

In Ipv6 case, it shows ND cache list. User can check by the ND cache messages. The messages are as follows.

| Status     | Description  |
|------------|--|
| INCOMPLETE | This means the device is standing by after it sends the request message, Neighbor Solicitation, to MAC and link local address of an opponent in the initial communication. |
| REACHABLE  | This means the device has information about the opponent after it sends Neighbor Solicitation, and receives Neighbor Advertisement.  |
| STALE      | The device will change into STALE state after some time later reaching REACHABLE.  |
| DELAY      | The device will change into DELAY state if there is no response to Neighbor Solicitation. In this case, CSE-M53N will not be able to communicate with the device.          |
| PROBE      | CSE-M53N will resend the request message to the device in DELAY state. CSE-M53N will keep sending Neighbor Solicitation until it replies.                                  |

Table 6-4 5 States displayed on ND Cache table

- TCP/IP Connection

In this section, the same information with TCP STATE is displayed with IP address and port number. A difference is that users can terminate TCP connection. When right click on a session, a small pop-up window is created.

- Password

This text box is activated when CSE-M53N has a password. If users want to close TCP connection with right click of mouse on the session, this password has to be correctly filled.

- Refresh Every 1 Second.

If this option is checked, ezManager send query in every second.

- IP address Conflict Detection

By clicking this button, you can find devices which have the same IP address to yours on the network.

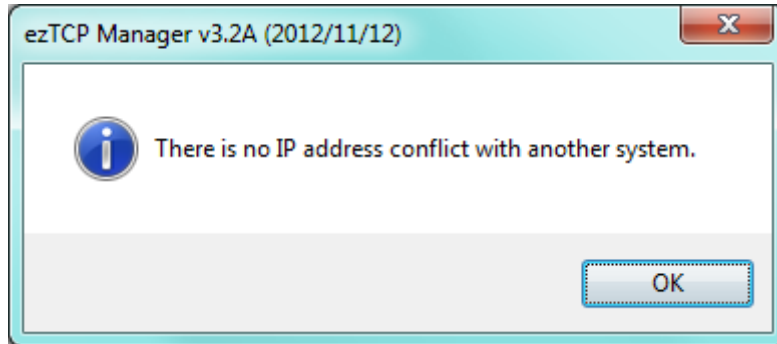


Figure 6-13 Without IP address conflict detection

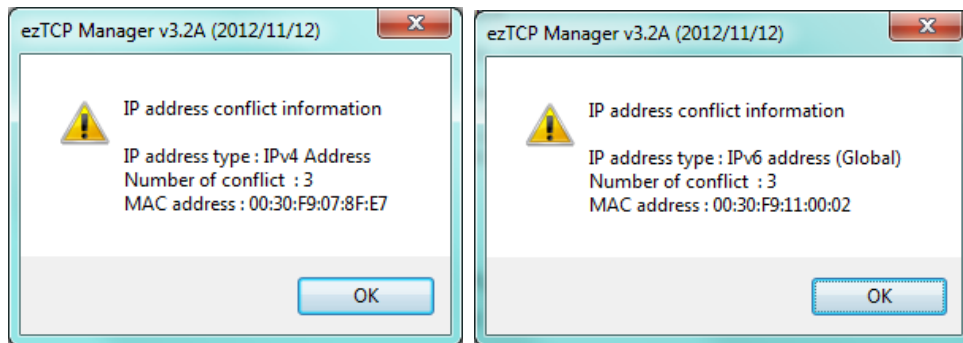


Figure 6-14 IP address conflict detection

## 7 Additional Functions

### 7.1 SSL

#### 7.1.1 What is the SSL(Secure Socket Layer)?

SSL is cryptographic protocol that provides secure communication on the Internet. The SSL works over TCP.

#### 7.1.2 How to set the SSL

To works for SSL, you have to set the SSL-related parameters as the following steps. Set the [SSL] check box in the ezManager.

- ① Check the [SSL] of the [Option] tab of the ezManager.

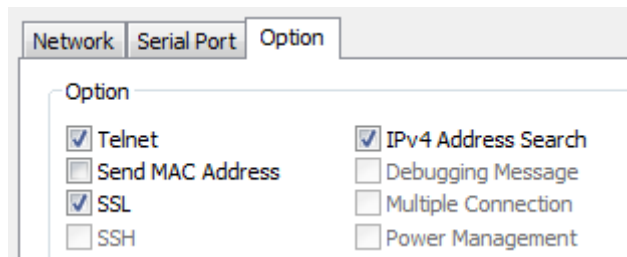


Figure 7-1 Setting of Option

- ② After check the [Advanced Menu] of the ezManager , Click the [Certificate].



Figure 7-2 Create the certification

- ③ Choice the [Write self signed certificate]

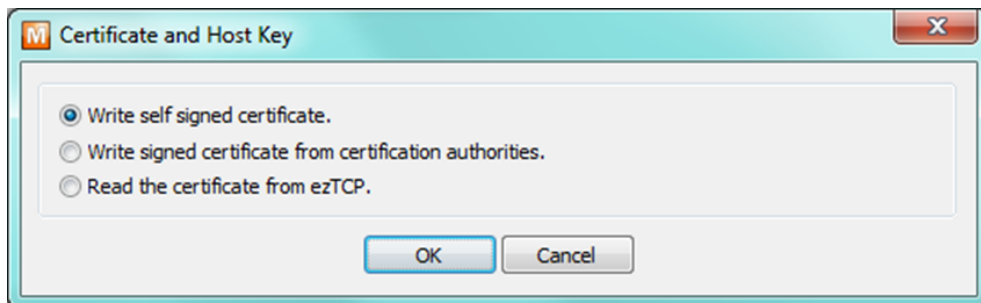


Figure 7-3 Create the RSA Key

- ④ Input the key length and information in [Self signed certificate]

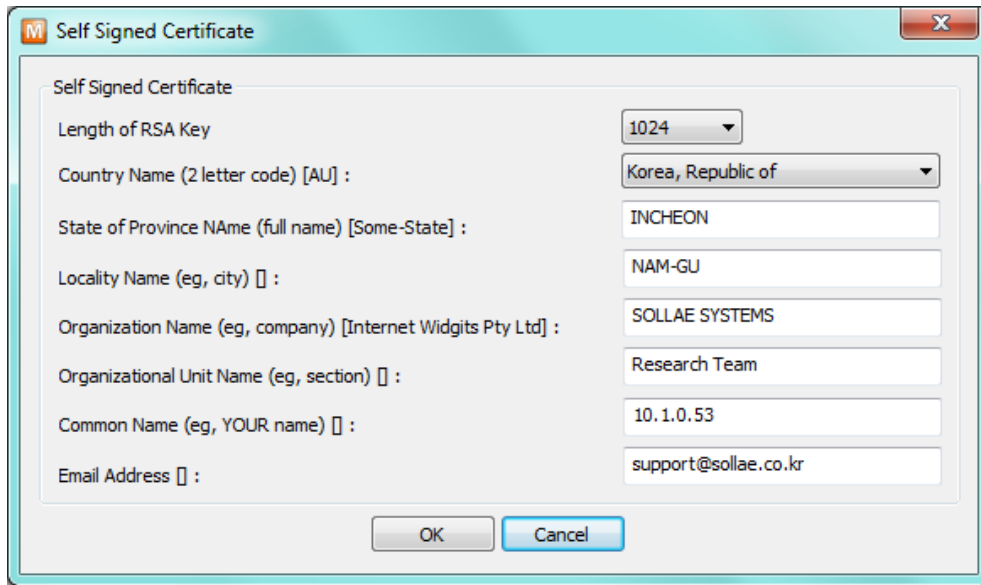


Figure 7-4 Input the information

- ⑤ Check a success message.

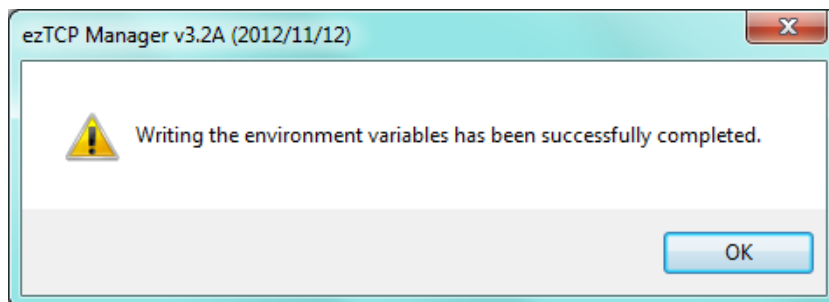


Figure 7-5 Check of success message

### 7.1.3 Restriction

- If user set the SSL with the CSE-M53N, the other device have to set the SSL.
- Maximum baud rate of serial port is the 115,200bps.
- Cannot use SSL feature in Ipv6.



## 7.2 Access Restriction (ezTCP Firewall)

On the [Option] tab of ezManager, you can set access restriction function with MAC and IP address.

- Allowed MAC Address

If this option has a valid value, the device which has the MAC address is only permitted to access.

- Allowed IP Address

This is for qualifying hosts with IP address or range of IP addresses. The range is defined by multiplying [IP address] and [Network Mask] in bit unit.

- Examples for Ipv4

| IP Address  | Network Mask    | Allowed IP Address Range  |
|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| 10.1.0.1    | 255.0.0.0       | 10.1.0.1 ~ 10.255.255.254 |
| 10.1.0.1    | 255.255.255.0   | 10.1.0.1 ~ 10.1.0.254     |
| 192.168.1.4 | 255.255.255.255 | 192.168.1.4               |

Table 7-1 examples of defining allowed Ipv4 range

- Apply to ezManager

[Apply to ezManager] is for applying above two restrictions to ezManager functions like [Search], [Read], [Write] and etc.

- Examples for Ipv6

| Ipv6 Address  | Prefix | Allowed IP Address Range                    |
|---------------|--------|---|
| 2001:DB8::100 | 64     | 2001:DB8::1 ~ 2001:DB8::FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF |
| 2001:DB8::100 | 128    | 2001:DB8::100                               |

Table 7-2 examples of defining allowed Ipv6 range

### 7.2.1 Setting Password

A password can be used for protecting CSE-M53N from TELNET login or changing environmental parameters by hosts which are not qualified. The maximum length is 8 bytes of Alphabet or number.

**☞ When you want to revoke all of these restrictions, operate CSE-M53N as ISP mode. In the mode, all restrictions are removable and communication with ezManager is revoked.**

## 8 Additional Functions

### 8.1 Notify Ipv4 Change

CSE-M53N can be TCP server even though it assigned IP address automatically. Using [Notify IP Change] function, CSE-M53N sends its IP address with the host name to the designed server. There are 3 types- DDNS, TCP and UDP- for this service.

- Dynamic Domain Name Service (DDNS)

CSE-M53N supports DDNS service offered by Dyn. Therefore, you have to make an account and create host names on the website of Dyn before you use.

☞ *All about service usage of DDNS could be changed according to the policy of Dyn.*

☞ *Dyn website: <https://dyn.com>*

Figure 8-1 setting DDNS

- ① Select the [DDNS(dyndns.org)]
- ② 40,320 is a fixed value
- ③ Input the ID of Dyn account
- ④ Input the password of the account
- ⑤ Input a host name which you create on your account

- TCP/UDP

In case you have an own server and want to manage the information about changed IP addresses, you allowed used TCP/UDP for using this option. The [Data Type] can be ASCII or hexadecimal, and the [Interval] is available on configuration.

☞ *Refer to the [IP Change Notification] document on our website for details.*

## 8.2 Sending MAC Address

[Sending MAC Address] is a function that CSE-M53N sends its MAC address to the remote host right after the connection is established. By using this function, a server can identify multiple devices with the information.

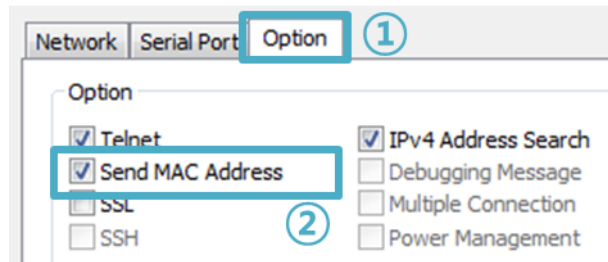


Figure 8-2 setting of Sending MAC Address function

- ① Move to the [Option] tab.
- ② Check the [Send MAC Address] option.

☞ *You can use [Send MAC Address] and [SSL] at the same time.*

☞ *Refer to the [Sending MAC Address Function] document on our website for details.*

### 8.3 Serial Port Tab Functions

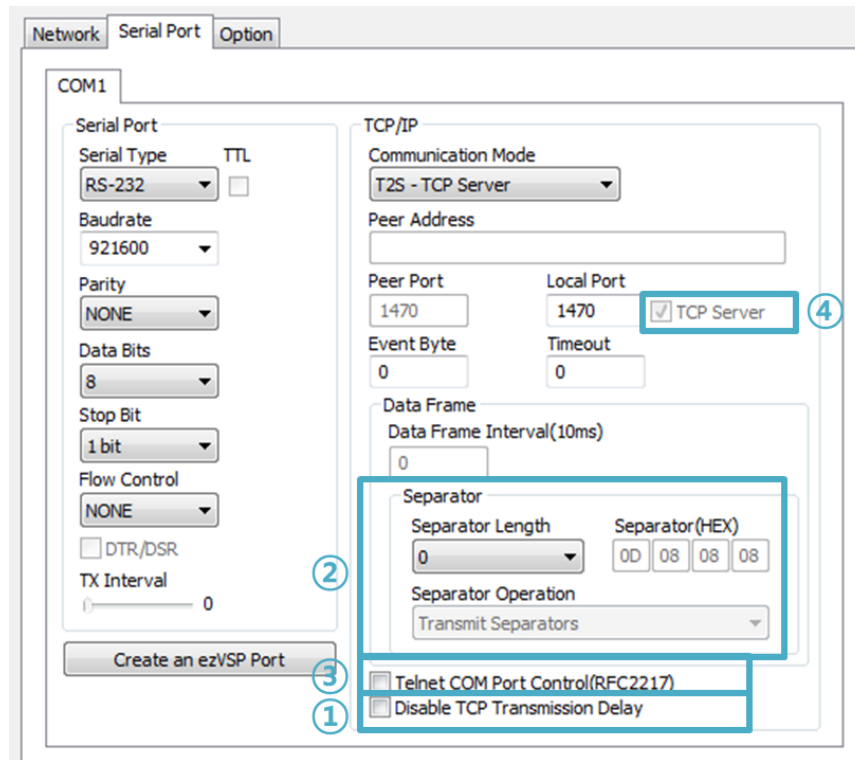


Figure 8-3 setting of Serial port tab functions

#### 8.3.1 Disable TCP Transmission Delay - ①

If you use this option, CSE-M53N sends the data from the serial port to LAN as quickly as possible.

#### 8.3.2 Separator - ②

Using this function, you can control the length of network packets by specific characters.

| Separator | options                                      |
|-----------|--|
| Length    | select the length between 0 ~ 4 bytes        |
| Operation | Transmit Separators without additional bytes |
|           | Transmit Separators + 1 byte                 |
|           | Transmit Separators + 2 bytes                |

Table 8-1 separator

### 8.3.3 TELNET COM port Control Option (RFC 2217) - ③

This option is for sending and receiving serial port states between two devices. Users can send and receive control signals like RTS/CTS when the states are changed.

☞ ***Refer to the [Telnet COM Port Control Option] document on our website for details.***

### 8.3.4 TCP Server / Client mode - ④

This mode is available on TCP client mode only. In this mode, you do not need to change the mode for switching active or passive TCP connection. Note that the [Event Byte] option should be set to more than 1.

☞ ***Refer to the [TCP Server / Client mode] document on our website for details.***

☞ ***CSE-M53N's Data Frame interval is configured 2byte data interval. Before sending data from the serial port to LAN, CSE-M53N gathers data in the buffer. If there is no data during the time configured in the 2byte data interval, it will send data to the network.***

## 8.4 Factory Reset

It is a function physically initializes all the setting. You can save a setting to user-defined ENV region and use it as default values by the factory reset. However, if you do not use the region, Factory Reset uses a factory default by manufacturer as its default values.

- Using Factory Reset

- ① Connect pin #ISP to GND (input LOW signal).
- ② Connect pin #ISP to GND (input LOW signal over 10 seconds).
- ③ Factory Reset will be automatically implemented to default values.
- ④ Disconnect the two pins from GND.
- ⑤ Reboot.

- Setting custom default values

- ① Change the mode to Serial Configuration mode
- ② Save custom default values by ezManager or serial configuration commands
- ③ Input the command below

|   |         |      |      |
|---|---------|------|------|
| b | <SPACE> | 3c5a | <CR> |
|---|---------|------|------|

- ④ After step ③, current values in the SRAM is saved in user-defined ENV region and the values will be always used for Factory Reset.

## 9 Checklist in Trouble

When users are in trouble with CSE-M53N, make sure all the followed steps first.

### 9.1 Searching problem with ezManager

- Confirming types of configuration utility  
CSE-M53N can be configured by ezManager.
- Stopping Firewall operation  
Firewalls of personal computer or network block broadcast packets. Stop all the firewalls before searching CSE-M53N

***☞ Most of vaccine programs have firewall functions so it can cause some trouble to search CSE-M53N. Stop these programs before the searching.***

- Stable supply of the power  
Check if the power is supplied continually.
- Connection with the network  
Make sure that the network connection is fine including Ethernet cable. In this step, we recommend that users connect CSE-M53N with PC directly or in the same network hub.
- Checking options of restriction  
In case that restriction of access is activated, the communication with ezManager can be impossible. When users are in this situation, make CSE-M53N operate in ISP mode.

## 9.2 Connection Problem over TCP/IP

- Checking parameters related with TCP/IP

When CSE-M53N has a private network IP address, personal computer's IP address has to be the same sub network. Check if the IP address and local port number are correct. In case of a fixed IP address, the subnet mask, gateway IP address and DNS IP address should be configured.

| TCP Server side   | TCP Client side   |
|---|---|
| Local IP Address, Local Port, Subnet Mask, Gateway IP Address, DNS IP Address, DDNS | Local IP Address, Peer Address, Peer Port, Subnet Mask, Gateway IP Address, DNS IP Address, |

Table 9-1 major parameters related with TCP/IP

- PING Test

Confirm the connection over the network by PING test. If the CSE-M53N doesn't send any reply from the request, check the network environment.

- Firewall

In case the networks which need strong security, the access may be denied by their firewall. Under this circumstance, users should ask the person in charge of their network to release ports which will be used. (Ex: TCP 1470, UDP 50005)

- Operation Mode

TCP connection is not possible when CSE-M53N is operating in the ISP or Serial Configuration mode.

- Communication Mode

To make TCP connection, both a server and client should exist. If there are only servers or clients, TCP connection can't be established.

- ezTCP Firewall

When users set the ezTCP firewall with MAC and IP address, any hosts can't be reachable to it except for the hosts which have the allowed MAC and IP address. Inactivate the option or check the setting is correct.

- Checking the TCP status

TCP is a protocol connected one to one without multiple connection function. Because of this, if a device is on TCP connection, other requests are denied. If users are in this situation, check the network status by connecting on TELNET or using ezManager.



### 9.3 Data Communication Problem on the Serial

- Connection of Pins

Check if the connection of each pin is right. Using cables, users choose the right type of cable which is suitable for the device.

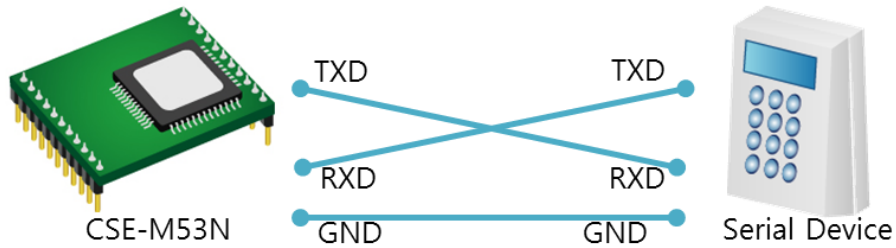


Figure 9-1 RS232 connection

- Setting parameters

Check if all the serial port parameters like Baud Rate, Data bit, Stop bit and Parity are properly set.

☞ **Contact us if you have any questions about above steps or our products.**

## 10 Related Material

### 10.1 Technical Documents

You can find the technical documents at our website.

- Datasheet
- IP Change Notification(DDNS)
- Sending MAC Address function
- TCP Server/Client mode
- Telnet COM Port Control Option

### 10.2 Smart phone Application

- ezManager(for iOS)
- ezManager Lite(for Android)
- TCP/IP Console(for iOS)
- TCP/IP Client(for Android)



## 11 Technical Support and Warranty

### 11.1 Technical Support

If you have any question regarding operation of the product, visit Customer Support FAQ corner and the message board on Sollae Systems' web site or send us an email at the following address:

- E-mail: [support@eztcp.com](mailto:support@eztcp.com)
- Website Address for Customer Support: <http://www.eztcp.com/en/support/>

### 11.2 Warranty

#### 11.2.1 Refund

Upon the customer's request to refund the product within two weeks after purchase, Sollae Systems will refund the product.

#### 11.2.2 Free Repair Services

For product failures occurring within two years after purchase, Sollae Systems provides free repair services or exchange the product. However, if the product failure is due to user's fault, repair service fees will be charged or the product will be replaced at user's expense.

#### 11.2.3 Charged Repair Services

For product failures occurring after the warranty period (two years) or resulting from user's fault, repair service fees will be charged and the product will be replaced at user's expense.

## 12 Precaution and Exemption from Liability

### 12.1 Precaution

- Sollae Systems is not responsible for product failures occurring due to user's alternation of the product.
- Specifications of the product are subject to change without prior notice for performance improvement.
- Sollae Systems does not guarantee successful operation of the product if the product was used under conditions deviating from the product specifications.
- Reverse engineering of firmware and applications provided by Sollae Systems is prohibited.
- Use of firmware and applications provided by Sollae Systems for purposes other than those for which they were designed is prohibited.
- Do not use the product in an extremely cold or hot place or in a place where vibration is severe.
- Do not use the product in an environment in which humidity is high or a lot of oil exists.
- Do not use the product where there is caustic or combustible gas.
- Sollae Systems does not guarantee normal operation of the product under the conditions a lot of noise exists.
- Do not use the product for a purpose that requires exceptional quality and reliability relating to user's injuries or accidents – aerospace, aviation, health care, nuclear power, transportation, and safety purposes.
- Sollae Systems is not responsible for any accident or damage occurring while using the product.



## 12.2 Exemption from Liability

### 12.2.1 English version

In no event shall Sollae Systems Co., Ltd. And its distributors be liable for any damages whatsoever (including, without limitation, damages for loss of profit, operating cost for commercial interruption, loss of information, or any other financial loss) from the use or inability to use the CSE-M53N even if Sollae Systems Co., Ltd. Or its distributors have been informed of such damages.

The CSE-M53N is not designed and not authorized for use in military applications, in nuclear applications, in airport applications or for use in applications involving explosives, or in medical applications, or for use in security alarm, or for use in a fire alarm, or in applications involving elevators, or in embedded applications in vehicles such as but not limited to cars, planes, trucks, boats, aircraft, helicopters, etc..

In the same way, the CSE-M53N is not designed, or intended, or authorized to test, develop, or be built into applications where failure could create a dangerous situation that may result in financial losses, damage to property, personal injury, or the death of people or animals. If you use the CSE-M53N voluntarily or involuntarily for such unauthorized applications, you agree to subtract Sollae Systems Co., Ltd. And its distributors from all liability for any claim for compensation.

Sollae Systems Co., Ltd. And its distributors entire liability and your exclusive remedy shall be Sollae Systems Co., Ltd. And its distributors option for the return of the price paid for, or repair, or replacement of the CSE-M53N.

Sollae Systems Co., Ltd. And its distributors disclaim all other warranties, either expressed or implied, including, but not limited to, the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, with respect to the CSE-M53N including accompanying written material, hardware and firmware.



## 12.2.2 French version

- Documentation

La documentation du CSE-M53N est conçue avec la plus grande attention. Tous les efforts ont été mis en œuvre pour éviter les anomalies. Toutefois, nous ne pouvons garantir que cette documentation soit à 100% exempt de toute erreur. Les informations présentes dans cette documentation sont données à titre indicatif. Les caractéristiques techniques peuvent changer à tout moment sans aucun préavis dans le but d'améliorer la qualité et les possibilités des produits.

- Copyright et appellations commerciales

Toutes les marques, les procédés, les références et les appellations commerciales des produits cités dans la documentation appartiennent à leur propriétaire et Fabricant respectif.

- Conditions d'utilisations et limite de responsabilité

En aucun cas Sollae Systems Co., Ltd ou un de ses distributeurs ne pourra être tenu responsable de dommages quels qu'ils soient (intégrant, mais sans limitation, les dommages pour perte de bénéfice commercial, interruption d'exploitation commerciale, perte d'informations et de données à caractère commercial ou de toute autre perte financière) provenant de l'utilisation ou de l'incapacité à pouvoir utiliser le CSE-M53N, même si Sollae Systems Co., Ltd ou un de ses distributeurs a été informé de la possibilité de tels dommages.

Le CSE-M53N est exclusivement prévu pour un usage en intérieur, dans un environnement sec et non poussiéreux. Le CSE-M53N n'est pas prévu, ni autorisé pour être utilisé en extérieur, ni de façon embarquée dans des engins mobiles de quelque nature que ce soit (voiture, camion, train, avion, etc...), ni en milieu explosif, ni dans des enceintes nucléaires, ni dans des ascenseurs, ni dans des aéroports, ni dans des enceintes hospitaliers, ni pour des applications à caractère médical, ni dans des dispositifs de détection et d'alerte anti-intrusion, ni dans des dispositifs de détection et d'alerte anti-incendie, ni dans des dispositifs d'alarme GTC, ni pour des applications militaires.

De même, le CSE-M53N n'est pas conçu, ni destiné, ni autorisé pour expérimenter, développer ou être intégré au sein d'applications dans lesquelles une défaillance de celui-ci pourrait créer une situation dangereuse pouvant entraîner des pertes financières, des dégâts matériel, des blessures corporelles ou la mort de personnes ou d'animaux. Si vous utilisez le CSE-M53N volontairement ou involontairement pour de telles applications non



autorisées, vous vous engagez à soustraire Sollae Systems Co., Ltd et ses distributeurs de toute responsabilité et de toute demande de dédommagement.

En cas de litige, l'entière responsabilité de Sollae Systems Co., Ltd et de ses distributeurs vis-à-vis de votre recours durant la période de garantie se limitera exclusivement selon le choix de Sollae Systems Co., Ltd et de ses distributeurs au remboursement de votre produit ou de sa réparation ou de son échange. Sollae Systems Co., Ltd et ses distributeurs démentent toutes autres garanties, exprimées ou implicites.

Tous les CSE-M53N sont testés avant expédition. Toute utilisation en dehors des spécifications et limites indiquées dans cette documentation ainsi que les court-circuit, les chocs, les utilisations non autorisées, pourront affecter la fiabilité, créer des dysfonctionnements et/ou la destruction du CSE-M53N sans que la responsabilité de Sollae Systems Co., Ltd et de ses distributeurs ne puissent être mise en cause, ni que le CSE-M53N puisse être échangé au titre de la garantie.

- Rappel sur l'évacuation des équipements électroniques usagés

Le symbole de la poubelle barré présent sur le CSE-M53N indique que vous ne pouvez pas vous débarrasser de ce dernier de la même façon que vos déchets courants. Au contraire, vous êtes responsable de l'évacuation du CSE-M53N lorsqu'il arrive en fin de vie (ou qu'il est hors d'usage) et à cet effet, vous êtes tenu de le remettre à un point de collecte agréé pour le recyclage des équipements électriques et électroniques usagés. Le tri, l'évacuation et le recyclage séparés de vos équipements usagés permettent de préserver les ressources naturelles et de s'assurer que ces équipements sont recyclés dans le respect de la santé humaine et de l'environnement. Pour plus d'informations sur les lieux de collecte des équipements électroniques usagés, contacter votre mairie ou votre service local de traitement des déchets.

## 13 History

| Date        | Version | Comments  | Author    |
|-------------|---------|---|-----------|
| 2013.02.15. | 1.0     | ○ First version has been released.  | Lisa Shin |
| 2013.02.18. | 1.1     | ○ Delete descriptions of data frame option  | Lisa Shin |
| 2013.05.08. | 1.2     | ○ Add related material contents   | Lisa Shin |
| 2013.05.15. | 1.3     | ○ Add Exemption from Liability contents   | Lisa Shin |
| 2013.07.02. | 1.4     | ○ Add Pins LED signal description<br>○ Modify the descriptions and figures  | Lisa Shin |
| 2014.01.08. | 1.5     | ○ An Application Circuit has been changed.  | Lisa Shin |
| 2014.06.27. | 1.6     | ○ Added contents of evaluation board2   | Sara Lee  |
| 2014.07.23. | 1.7     | ○ Added contents of telnet command(sd,exit)   | Sara Lee  |
| 2014.11.10. | 1.8     | ○ Added contents of Peer address  | Sara Lee  |
| 2015.03.03. | 1.9     | ○ Added contents of an Application Circuit  | Sara Lee  |
| 2015.05.14. | 2.0     | ○ Modify the descriptions and figures<br>○ Modify the French version of Exemption from Liability  | Sara Lee  |
| 2016.04.12. | 2.1     | ○ Add explanation for telnet login.<br>○ Modify the description about 4.6 ISP Mode<br>○ Added contents of telnet command(sd close)<br>○ Modify the description of Factory Reset   | Sara Lee  |
| 2017.04.06. | 2.2     | ○ Delete a duplicate sentence.  | Peter Lee |
| 2017.05.18. | 2.3     | ○ Add pin description to reset.   | Peter Lee |
| 2017.06.21. | 2.4     | ○ Modify "1.1, 1.3 and 1.4"<br>○ Serial Port specification: TTL → CMOS/TTL compliant<br>○ Error correction for "1.5.6 Electrical characteristics"<br>○ Change page layout to landscape orientation for "1.5.7 An Application Circuit"<br>○ Error correction for telnet command (sd)<br>○ Delete duplicated revision history at v2.0 | Andy Lee  |
| 2017.08.24  | 2.5     | ○ Correct some errors   | Peter Lee |